

THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

VOL. XXI.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1907.

NO. 10

KILLED IN AUTO CRASH

James Reddick, Prominent Politician of Chicago, Meets Death near Half Day

BREAKS NECK AS HE FALLS

Burst Tire the Cause of Accident—Wife is Prostrated by the Shock of His Death

James Reddick, public administrator of Cook county and chairman of the Cook county Republican Central Committee, met death shortly after midnight Saturday as the result of an auto accident shortly after passing through the village of Half Day, six miles south of Libertyville.

His neck was broken and his wife, a witness to the accident, is prostrated by the shock because she helped pick her husband out of the auto debris, to find him dying.

Mr. Reddick, according to friends, was exceedingly averse to taking the pleasure trip which resulted in his death. All the members of the party were his neighbors and he had promised to join them for the outing. When the automobile party called for him down town Saturday afternoon he declared that he preferred to remain in Chicago. To another friend, with whom he had been chatting just before the machine drew up, he had shown a check that he had just received with the remark: "I would give this if I could get out of going."

The party made a long run into Lake county to Libertyville and was on its way back to Chicago when the accident happened.

As they were passing through the little village of Half Day the tire of the left rear wheel of the machine suddenly collapsed, and the automobile skidded almost its entire length. Then it caught in a rut and upset. Mr. Reddick was hurled to the ground, and then the big touring car pinned him down. His neck had been broken by the fall and death was instantaneous. The other members of the party were not badly hurt and were quickly helped to a nearby home, where all efforts to revive Mr. Reddick proved useless.

An inquest was held over the body by Coroner Taylor of Lake county at Half Day early Sunday morning. Little testimony was taken and a verdict of "accidental death" had been signed by the coroner, when T. F. Donoghue, an undertaker from Chicago arrived for the body.

Mayor Buse, who had been summoned to the scene of the accident from his summer home at Fox Lake, made a record breaking auto run from Half Day to Chicago, with Mrs. Reddick, whose arm was broken and who collapsed after the inquest.

The automobile plunged into the front yard of the one-story cottage occupied by Samuel Freese, just off the roadside. Here the car turned almost completely around and then fell over on its side. Freese and his neighbor, John Kundie, heard the shrieks of the survivors and ran to the scene with lanterns. With their help the car was finally righted, and then it was found that Mr. Reddick was dead.

Mark Twain's Story of His Life

Mark Twain refuses to let his captivating autobiography be published in book form until after his death, but journalistic enterprise has come to the rescue, and we are to have Mark's masterpiece after all. He has consented to let it appear as a serial. It has been secured at enormous cost by the Sunday Magazine of The Chicago Record-Herald, which has a name for capturing big prizes of this sort, such as Conan Doyle's "Sir Nigel" and Kipling's "Sons of Martha."

Thus it falls out that the readers of The Sunday Record-Herald are to have a delightful treat without extra cost. For months to come Mark Twain will go on telling in his droll way about the famous people he has met, how he came to create Colonel Sellers and Tom Sawyer, and all the funny things that have happened to him. The whole is to be profusely illustrated. The first installment—in the issue of October 27—is accompanied by a magnificent portrait of the humorist. Everybody who likes Mark Twain will want to read this great biography.

Belief of Mohammedans.
Mohammedan meals begin with salt and end with vinegar. The salt defends the believer from 70 diseases; the vinegar assures him increased prosperity.

A FORMER RESIDENT DEAD

Mrs. Harmon Tecker Passed Away at Her Home in the West.

On Monday morning of this week W. S. Westlake received a telegram from Frank D. Tecker of Parkes, Nebraska announcing the death of his mother, Mrs. Harmon Tecker, which occurred at that place early Monday morning.

Mrs. Tecker will be well remembered especially by the older residents of Antioch and vicinity.

She was the wife of Harmon Tecker and for years they made their home on a farm about three miles south of town. She was a woman highly respected by all who knew her and has many old neighbors and friends here who sincerely regret her demise.

After the death of her husband, which occurred many years ago she decided to go west and make her home with her only son Frank, who had located at Lincoln, Nebraska. About three years ago they decided to go farther west and located at Parkes, Nebraska, where they have resided ever since.

Mrs. Tecker had been in failing health for many months and for some time her death has been daily expected. As near as can be learned she was about seventy-nine years of age and had made her home in the west nearly twenty years.

She leaves to mourn her loss her son Frank of Parkes, Nebraska, two step sons Harmon of Nebraska, and Phinis, of Chicago, and one step daughter, Mrs. Martha Smith whose last known place of residence was Aurora.

The remains were brought here for burial by the side of those of her husband in the Antioch Hillside cemetery. They arrived here Wednesday morning on the 10:35 train accompanied by her son Frank.

The interment was Wednesday afternoon at two o'clock, with Rev. F. R. McNamer reading the burial service at the grave.

OGLESBY BILL IS ATTACKED

"Save Party, Give Us Conventions," is Cry of Big Delegation

BILL SURE TO BE AMENDED

"Uncle Joe" Cannon and Senator Cullom Will Probably Lead a Helping Hand in It

Sudden development Tuesday of the strongest opposition to direct plurality primaries yet encountered by the Oglesby bill, apparently near passage in the Illinois senate, greatly changed the aspect of the legislative situation.

With the war cry, "Save the party!" a strong delegation of republican leaders is going to assemble in Springfield and plead with the senators to restore the party convention and the delegate system of nominations. The argument that plurality nominations mean minority nominations and that the Oglesby bill will destroy the party organization will be used on the senate.

"Uncle Joe" Cannon himself, now an open candidate for president and acknowledged leader of the party in Illinois, will probably be on hand to help along the fight. Senator Cullom is expected to send from Washington his indorsement of the convention saving expedition.

Numerous leaders of lesser importance will be on hand to work with the senators, and the prediction is made that should the direct primary law advocates force the bill to vote, it will get a bare majority, not enough for an emergency clause.

The bill will undoubtedly be amended in several particulars. It has been decided that to concur in any amendments the house will require a two-thirds vote in order to protect the emergency clause. A great falling off in the house vote is looked for when the lower body gets a chance to vote on the bill again, this time realizing that it is in earnest.

Autographs.
"Yes," said the girl who makes collections, "it is one of the best autographs I have in my collection." "But are you sure it is genuine?" "Positive. I cut it from a telegram that his wife received from him."

Nile Has Many Species of Fish.
The fish population of the Nile is said to present a greater variety than that of any other body of water. An expedition sent from the British museum not long ago secured 9,000 specimens.

VILLAGE STANDPIPE NOW IN COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION



On Monday afternoon of this week Mr. S. Lee, the superintendent of the building of the new stand pipe, arrived in town, and on Tuesday morning ground was broken and the work begun in good earnest. Two car loads of stone have already been hauled to the ground and two more car loads of stone and 70,000 brick are now being hauled. The foundation is to be twenty-five feet square, five feet deep of solid stone. The tower when completed will be 110 feet high, with a brick elevation of sixty feet, the remainder being of steel.

At a meeting of the village board last Friday evening one bid for the steel work was submitted, and although the trustees did not see fit to accept it, neither was it rejected, but was taken under advisement. The bid for the work was accepted. Mr. Morgan, who has the contract for the stand pipe, was present at the meeting and complimented the board on their good judgment thus far in purchasing the materials and assured them that they had secured a good quality of both stone and brick and at very reasonable prices.

The cut presented here gives a fair idea of what the tower is to be when it is completed.

NOTES FROM HIGH SCHOOL TO BUILD PRIVATE ROAD

Interesting Items of News Furnished by the Freshmen

Pearl Horton was absent from school Tuesday forenoon.

Leota Haynes has returned to school after a week's absence with tonsillitis.

The Juniors are mistaken, we are ready to challenge another team of Basket Ball.

We will also thank the Juniors not to do any advertising for us as we are fully competent to advertise for ourselves.

When our megaphone arrives we will let the Juniors use it gratis, but they must not spoil it for we will want to use it once in a while.

The Juniors thought they would be smart and started to learn science and art. But they found their brains wouldn't hold out.

And so they all began to pout.

Tommy—Pop, man's wife is his better half, isn't she?

Tommy's Pop—So we are told, my son.

Tommy—Then if a man marries twice there isn't any thing left of him is there?

Johnnie—I wonder why a dog chases his tail?

Teacher—A sense of economy.

Johnnie—Economy?

Teacher—Yes can't you see he is trying to make both ends meet?

NEW ELECTRIC RAILROAD TO FOX LAKE

The secretary of state has issued a license to incorporate to the Chicago Fox Lake and Geneva railroad, with the principal office at Chicago. The capital stock is to be \$2,000,000.

The road is to be constructed from Chicago in a northerly or northwesterly direction through the townships of Leyden, Maine, Elk Grove, Wheeling and Palatine in the county of Cook, the townships of Elia, Cuba, Fremont, and Wauconda in the county of Lake and Richmond in McHenry county to some convenient point on the line dividing Illinois and Wisconsin, with branch lines to Fox Lake and Woodstock.

The incorporators and first board of directors are George H. Seward, Maurice B. Louis, Harry R. Yaryar, Louis E. Starr and Sidney E. Malott.

Things as They Are Seen.
Things are only as you think you imagine you see them. If a quarrel were to have ten sides each side would be both right and wrong.

PLACED ON CHECKING BASIS

Depositors in Waukegan Banks Must Give 30 to 60 Days' Notice for Withdrawal

Waukegan banks with Chicago indebtedness are largely upon a checking basis, a method which is indorsed by leaders in the business world. They have taken this step as the best method of protecting the interests of the depositors and the business of the city and they are likely to continue upon the new basis until the present financial situation in New York improves. That now promises to be soon.

In all banks belonging to the clearing house or affiliated with its depositors seeking to check out money from their accounts learned they would be paid in checks of the bank itself and not in cash. The depositors will be allowed to draw out the full value of their accounts, but they will have to accept the bank's checks instead of greenbacks.

Savings bank depositors wishing to withdraw any or all of their boards will be shown the notification of the bank that it has decided to take advantage of that section in the banking laws of the state requiring the depositor to give thirty days' notice before drawing out less than \$100 and sixty days' notice for more than \$100.

NEW CLUB

HOUSE AT FOX LAKE

A site for a new club house has been acquired by the Fox Lake Yacht club at the north end of Stanton Point, at a cost of several thousand dollars.

The building will cost about \$30,000 and a stock company will be formed to erect it.

The deal was consummated by J. H. McCortney, attorney for the club, the sellers being the heirs of the old Lane estate.

WAS PURSE LOST OR STOLEN

G. F. Schafer of Milwaukee Inclined to Latter Theory After Overcharge

TAILOR ACCUSED OF THEFT

However When Investigation is at its Height He Finds it Instead on the Sidewalk Near Shop

After having paid 75 cents to have his trousers pressed and cleaned, G. F. Schafer, a representative of the Milwaukee Corrugated Ceiling company, walked out of a prominent tailor establishment in Waukegan leaving on the counter his pocketbook containing \$65, he said.

Mr. Schafer immediately walked up Genesee street and when he dug deep in his pocket to find his wallet he discovered it to be missing.

At first he thought that he had been touched, but finally remembered that he had left the wallet on the counter, he said.

Rushing to the shop, he was informed that the man with whom he had had dealings a few minutes before had suddenly been stricken with a headache and had gone home on the run.

This set Schafer to thinking and he asked the owner what he generally charged to press and clean a pair of trousers.

"Why, 50 cents is all I charge," said the owner of the shop.

"That ex-proprietor of yours just charged me 75 cents," said Schafer.

"Well, he gave me 50 cents, so I suppose he stuck the other quarter in his pocket," answered the proprietor.

"If that is all that he stuck into his pocket I would be satisfied," said Schafer, "but he has my pocketbook and \$65 and I do not know where to find him."

The proprietor immediately gave Schafer the address of his workman and Schafer hastened to the phone to notify the police, who stated that they would be around that way in a few minutes.

Then he walked out on the street to wait for the police, and while standing there he noticed a small black object lying up close to the building.

On picking up the object he found that it was his pocketbook and that it was still full.

Garfield.
The soil out of which such men as he are made is good to be born on, good to live on, good to die for, and be buried in.—Lowell.

Tom Thompson, the Sage.
Tom Thompson has noticed that the boy who fails to catch the ball always blames it on the boy who threw it.—Kansas City Star.

VOLIVA CARRIED ELECTION

His Candidate, Theo. Forby, Defeats League Candidate Rominger by 99 Votes

SHOWS VOLIVA SUPREMACY

His Faction Stood Alone in Election in Zion City With All Other Factions Against Him

Voliva has again demonstrated to Zion and the world at large that he is "it" in Zion City.

His candidate, Theo. Forby, was elected president of the school board at the special election Saturday afternoon by a majority of 99 votes over his opponent Dr. Rominger. The vote was, Forby 898, Rominger 799.

The election was characterized by the most intense and bitter feeling that has ever been seen in a Zion City election and as a climax to the heated condition, there was a street fight between two prominent citizens, L. H. Brown and R. W. Ely. It seems that the two men got into a wrangle and Ely is charged with having called the other man a liar. Brown resented by slapping Ely in the face.

The announcement of the outcome of the election created great excitement. There was more yelling on the streets more blowing of horns and sounding of tin pans than Zion has heard in the past if it were all put together.

As one man said, "It was the wildest night the town has ever seen. All it needed to make it just like a Waukegan and Kenosha election, was the saloon across the street."

Saturday both sides were confident of success, Voliva claiming his side would snow under the others, while the league faction claimed they would win by about 100 votes. Instead of their prediction being correct, it was almost correct if they had credited Voliva's side with their estimate instead of their own, for he won by 99.

The outcome of the special election shows that Voliva is still supreme in Zion City despite reports to the contrary. This election was a showdown on the question as to the supremacy of influence and power among the people, with Voliva arraigned on the one side and the Municipal League with all anti-Voliva factions united as against Voliva and his man Forby.

For weeks, both sides have been working hard in their efforts to win and not a stone was left unturned to get out every vote and it is claimed that not over a half dozen voters of the city failed to cast their ballot.

The victory for Voliva and Forby was a signal one in view of the influential leaders which were arrayed on the opposition. Most of the men who are recognized as "the head men" of Zion, were backing the Municipal League candidate as against Voliva and the Zion News for a few weeks, made as vigorous a campaign against Voliva and Forby as was ever made in a Lake county campaign.

Personal references were hurled back and forth, Voliva's paper, the Herald, making just as hard a fight for Forby as the News made for its man, Rominger, and while Voliva was making spirited speeches to his triumphant forces a Municipal League was found choking a Volivan on the outskirts of the crowd. No arrest was made.

Resolutions of Respect.

Whereas God in his all wise providence has seen fit to call from among us sister Marilla H. Farrier.

Resolved that the members of Antioch Chapter 428 express their sincere sympathy to the relatives in their sad bereavement, and be it further

Resolved that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the relatives and also be spread upon the records of the chapter, and a copy be sent to the Antioch News for publication.

Mary Boylan
Maudie Sabin
Committee

Blessings.
It doesn't take a man long to forget about his own blessings when he begins to hear of the greater ones that have come to his neighbor.

Frequently Do.
Don't take too much pleasure your charities; they may become epitome of your selfishness.—Howland.

Enormous Cost of the British.
It is estimated that the total cost of England's present navy \$370,000,000, and about \$390,000,000 have been spent in the last 15 years.

ANTIOCH NEWS.

A. M. JOHNSON, Publisher.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

The Mystery OF Carney-Croft

By JOSEPH BROWN COOKE

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CHAPTER XXI.

An Amphibian Mystery.

My astonishment at this last remark of the Bruce woman was beyond expression, and, grasping her somewhat rudely by the arm, I exclaimed:

"What do you mean by that? Explain yourself at once!"

"You know well enough what I mean, and who I mean, sir," she replied in a whisper, placing her mouth close to my ear as she spoke. "As you love Miss Carney, and as you value her happiness, sir, you must trust me and ask no questions now."

I pondered deeply for a moment before I answered her and then I said in a low tone:

"You are asking a great deal of me, Mrs. Bruce. You must remember that I am Miss Carney's legal adviser and that I am in duty bound to look out for her interests. This thing has gone quite far enough already, and yet matters are growing more and more mysterious. I heard Jenks tell you that I was up on the hill this morning, and I have no wish to deny it, but I saw something there that must be explained at once or I shall notify the authorities; and, for my part, I do not see how it can be explained at all."

"What did you see, sir?" she gasped, as if in great mental distress.

"Well," I replied, slowly, "I saw a number of little graves, or what appeared to be such."

"Oh, my God!" she moaned, covering her face with her hands. "I did not think anything like that could happen! I should have burned them, sir. Oh, why didn't I burn them! It would have been much safer!"

Jenks had slunk into the house, leaving us to ourselves, and I was enabled to talk more freely.

"Look here, woman!" I exclaimed. "What in the name of heaven does all this mean? Speak, or by all that's holy I'll have you in jail before morning!"

My impassioned words had no effect upon her other than to make her weep piteously, and I waited until she had regained her composure somewhat and was able to talk coherently.

"You misjudge me, Mr. Ware," she said. "Indeed you do, sir. I have committed no crime, sir, and I am doing all in my power to prevent one; for it would be a crime if it happened, although the law wouldn't call it so, sir."

She laid her hand on my shoulder respectfully and then, the old-fashioned, motherly way coming over her, she continued in a choking voice:

"You must do as I ask, Mr. Ware. Do not distrust me, I beg of you, sir, for I have so much to bear and I have borne it all so patiently and so willingly, too, sir. Remember, I have no fault to find, and I am glad to have been able to do what I have done, sir, but the end is so near now that I cannot bear to have everything go for nothing at the last."

Her eyes were filled with tears, and do what I might, I could not doubt her honesty and sincerity. Before I could speak, she went on hurriedly, looking about her in an apprehensive way:

"Just believe in me for a few days, sir, won't you? Do this for your own sake and for Miss Carney's and the other young lady's. You will never regret it, sir, I promise you; I swear it, sir, on everything I hold sacred, and God knows I am a churchwoman and live in fear of Him and His love sir."

For my life I could do no more than she asked, and, after a moment's hesitation, I said slowly:

"I must trust you, Mrs. Bruce, but I must tell you that I do so against my best judgment. I do not see how all these things can be explained satisfactorily and they must be explained soon in every way. Still, I believe that you are sincere in what you tell me, and, for the present at least, I will ask no more questions and rely upon you to fulfill your protestations of good faith when the proper time comes. You will understand, of course, that in spite of this promise I shall feel perfectly free at any time to take such steps in this matter as I may deem necessary, and, while I am willing to let things stand as they are now for a short time, I shall act promptly and effectively if any new or otherwise suspicious circumstances arise."

With these words I turned and walked down the path in the direction of Carney-Croft, leaving her standing by the gate, crying softly. The next afternoon I took a boat on the river and paddled aimlessly up and down, trying to kill time and watching for opportunity to speak to Miss Carney, whom I had not seen for two weeks. Miss Weston's condition was steadily worse, and the arrival of nurses from town and their

close attention to their patient, coupled with the frequent and anxious visits of the village physician, served as a sufficient excuse for the hurried departure of all of Miss Carney's guests except myself, who remained from a sense of duty as well as a desire to be near at hand and in a position to set myself right with my hostess on the first occasion that offered.

I did not go far from the house, but rowed up and down the stream with no particular objective point in mind and only thinking of what I might do in regard to Mrs. Bruce, and, most of all, how I could hope to again gain Miss Carney's good will, if nothing more, and explain, in the slightest degree, my outrageous behavior.

It is needless to say that I was in no happy frame of mind and, as I allowed the boat to drift slowly down stream with the current, I leaned over the side and peered into the depths of the limpid water on which I was floating.

As I drifted carelessly along in this lazy fashion I finally came to a point opposite that portion of the bank where the ghosts had disappeared so suddenly and mysteriously in the bright moonlight. Up to this time my mind had been free from any thought of this feature of the Carney-Croft puzzle, for the events of the past few days, together with my anxiety to see Miss Carney and right myself in her eyes, were more than enough to occupy my entire attention for the moment.

The realization of my position off the shore, however, served to recall vividly the spectral scene of the summer, and I again began to speculate as to the manner in which the ghost-like figures had managed to disappear from view in such an effectively supernatural way.

While I was pondering over this problem and wondering if I was ever

ter, and leading apparently to some sort of a tunnel or cave.

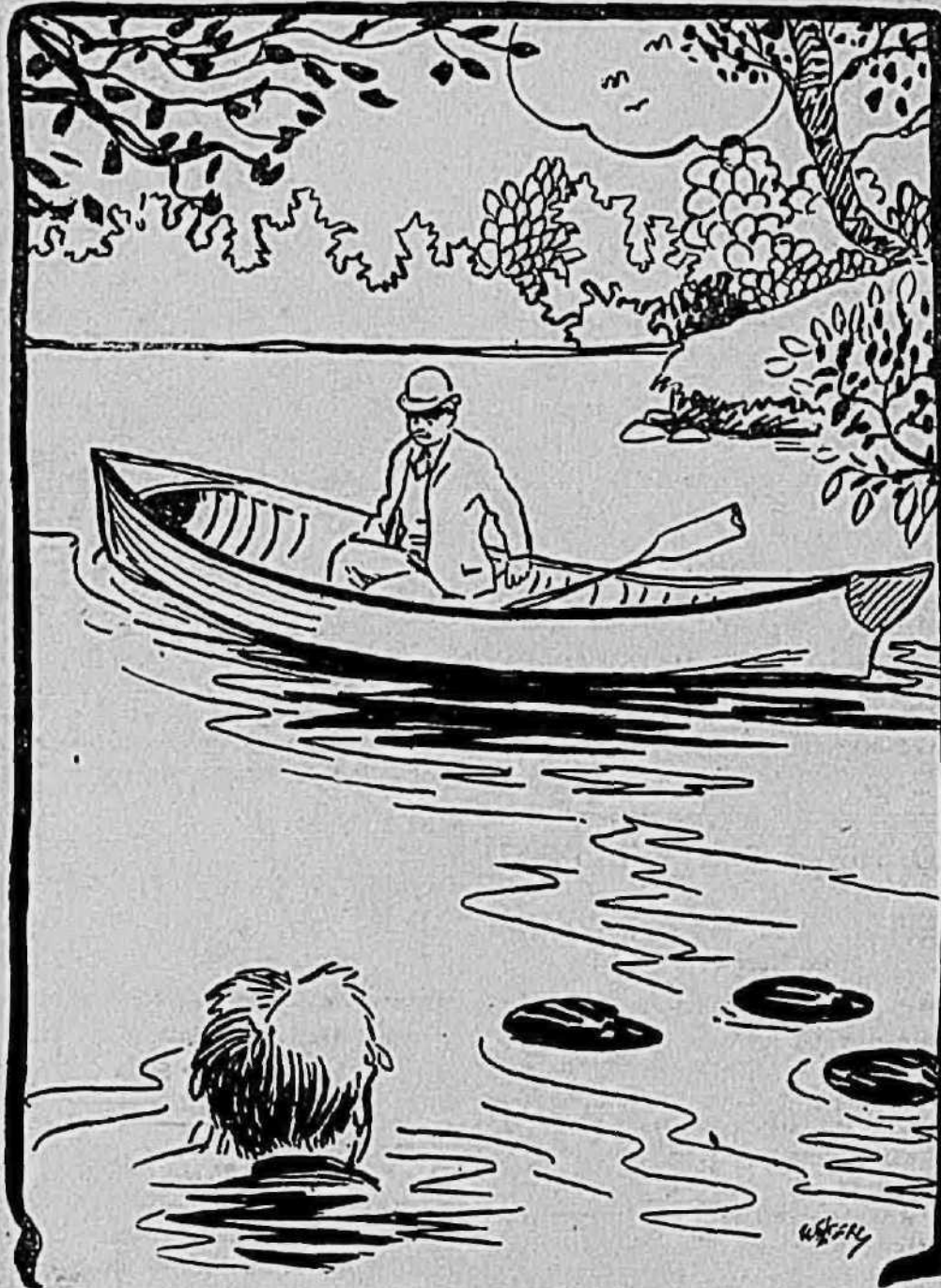
As I made this discovery I had no doubt that the mysterious figure I had seen had emerged from this sunken tunnel. And, upon encountering me, had returned to it with all possible haste. I certainly had no desire to follow him through the submerged entrance to his place of concealment, but I determined to oust him without delay, and leaving my skiff at the boathouse, I returned for a final reconnoiter before summoning a gang of men to dig down from above and lay bare the subterranean vault to which the submerged stairway doubtless led.

Clambering up on the knoll that overlooked this part of the river, I cast my eye in every direction up and down the stream, keeping as close a watch as possible on the entire landscape, and, even sooner than I had expected, I was rewarded by seeing the fellow's head again emerge from the water about 20 feet off shore.

As he shook the drops from his face and glanced about him apprehensively, I crouched low down on the ground, back of a brush, and watched him intently from this point of vantage. His countenance was so distorted with the cold and the water in his eyes that I could not have recognized him even if I had seen him before, and he seemed to swim with great difficulty, doubtless because of the icy chill of the water; but he went bravely about it and struck out manfully for the shore, which he reached in a few sturdy strokes.

As he got into shallow water and made his way to the land, I could see that he was fully dressed, even to his shoes, and that he was shivering violently from the effect of his exertion and the exposure to which he had been subjected.

I was almost on the point of calling out to him and offering him such as-



A Man's Head Appeared Above the Surface.

to solve it with any degree of satisfaction, I noticed a slight commotion in the water between me and the shore, such as might have been made by a beaver or a muskrat.

In another moment a man's head appeared above the surface and then, with a wild look at me and my boat, not 20 yards distant, he gave a convulsive spasm and disappeared again with a plunge like that of a porpoise playing under the bow of a ship.

The water was bitterly cold, for it was now near the end of October, and there was a chill in the air which foretold the coming of snow, yet, although I patrolled the spot for nearly half an hour and had a clear view of the river and shore for fully a mile in every direction, the figure did not reappear.

CHAPTER XXII.

An Unexpected Swim.

For a time it seemed to me that the fellow's life must have been lost and that his body had floated down the stream with the current, which increased steadily in force as it neared the falls, some two miles below.

Whence he had come I did not know, for I could not conceive that a man would be swimming in the river at this time of year, and, just as I was about to row ashore and report the affair to those who could institute a proper search for the body, an idea flashed into my head and served to explain the matter in short order.

The ghosts, or at least the men who impersonated them, had always disappeared from sight at this point on the river bank, and doubtless, they had dived into the water and found shelter somewhere under the shore. If this were the case, a man might easily enough have ventured out from his hiding place, and, upon seeing me, returned and waited until the coast was clear again.

I pulled in close to the shore, and, paddling slowly along under the overhanging bank, I soon discovered a broad flight of stone steps lying entirely beneath the surface of the wa-

ter, and leading apparently to some sort of a tunnel or cave. As I made this discovery I had no doubt that the mysterious figure I had seen had emerged from this sunken tunnel. And, upon encountering me, had returned to it with all possible haste. I certainly had no desire to follow him through the submerged entrance to his place of concealment, but I determined to oust him without delay, and leaving my skiff at the boathouse, I returned for a final reconnoiter before summoning a gang of men to dig down from above and lay bare the subterranean vault to which the submerged stairway doubtless led.

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As he got into shallow water and made his way to the land, I could see that he was fully dressed, even to his shoes, and that he was shivering violently from the effect of his exertion and the exposure to which he had been subjected. I was almost on the point of calling out to him and offering him such as-

stance as I could render lest he should collapse before my eyes, when I discovered that he, himself, had made provision for this contingency. From under a growth of underbrush he hurriedly extracted a heavy ulster or storm coat, and, taking a flask from one of the pockets, he raised it to his lips and drank long and greedily. This done, he drew the coat nervously about his shaking limbs, and, with a hunted sort of a look in every direction but mine, so that I did not get a view of his face, he ran at top speed along the shore and finally disappeared in the trees at the turn of the river.

It would have been futile to have followed him, and I once more began to look about me before calling for aid and having the cavern, or whatever it was, unroofed. The lawn at this part of the grounds was kept in especially good condition, as it lay almost directly in front of the house, and scattered about it were numerous flower beds and clumps of shrubbery.

In going over this area carefully and systematically as I did, I was not long in finding in the center of a mass of thickly leaved evergreen bushes, a patch of earth that had evidently been disturbed within a few hours. On brushing away the leaves and dirt, which seemed to have been replaced hurriedly, in an awkward attempt to conceal the spot, I came upon an iron grating like the covering to the manhole of a sewer, but with openings which, if they had been clear, would have permitted a certain limited amount of ventilation. This lid was hinged at one side but was not fastened down and I had no great difficulty in lifting it up so that I could peer into the blackness below.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Modern Youth.

Young Girl.—Is it not true, mamma, that I cannot read that book of which every one is talking until after I have been divorced?—Translated for Transatlantic Tales from Meggendorfer Blätter.

NEWS OF ILLINOIS

HAPPENINGS OF INTEREST FROM ALL OVER THE STATE.

LIBEL SUITS COME NEXT

Chicago Newspaper Sued in Connection with Magill Case and Prophesies Are That Many More Will Follow.

Clinton.—From present indications the famous Magill murder case had only its beginning in the trial which resulted in an acquittal for the defendants, Fred and Faye Magill, in Decatur.

Already a \$50,000 libel suit has been started against a Chicago paper, charged with publishing slanderous stories. The suit will come to trial in the November term of the circuit court in this county.

Mrs. Downey, the truant officer in Clinton, and one of the witnesses for the state in the recent trial, has been to consult lawyers relative to starting a \$20,000 damage suit against certain lawyers for the defense, whom she says made slanderous and malicious accusations against her good name.

It was stated upon responsible authority that Mrs. Anna Rundle, another witness for the state, is meditating a similar suit against the Magills' lawyers. Mrs. Rundle was declared in the course of one of the arguments by the defense to be a "liar and a dangerous thing to be at large in the land," both of which allegations Mrs. Rundle contends are libelous and defamatory to her good name and character.

And in addition it is said that Fred Magill will at once institute proceedings against certain of his relatives, and other prominent citizens of Clinton, whom he says were the direct cause of his arrest and indictment on the charge of murdering his wife. It is understood that this latter suit will be for \$50,000 against each of four different persons.

CONVENTION URGES CANAL.

River Improvement Association Petitions Congress.

Moline.—The sixth annual convention of the Upper Mississippi River Improvement association came to a close with the election of the following officers: President, Thomas E. Wilkinson, Burlington, Ia.; secretary and treasurer, L. E. Boswell, Quincy, Ill.; vice presidents, W. A. Meese, Moline, Ill.; Charles Hancock, Dubuque, Ia.; S. H. Vansant, Minneapolis, Minn.; Dr. Wendell A. Anderson, La Crosse, Wis.; Capt. William Mason, St. Louis, Mo.

Clinton was voted the 1908 convention.

Resolutions were adopted favoring an annual appropriation of \$2,000,000 for the upper river, approving the president's action in appointing the inland waterways commission, recommending to congress an appropriation to survey for a canal connecting Lake Superior and the Mississippi, and recommending that a congressman from an Iowa district bordering on the Mississippi river be placed on the rivers and harbors committee of the house.

Lucky's Elopement Proves Unlucky. Dixon.—Elton Lucky, who is charged with running away with the young wife of Warren Saunders, of Ashton, was taken from the Los Angeles limited train at Ogden, on telegraphic advice from the sheriff of this county. Saunders has begun a suit against Lucky for \$20,000 and attached his large property interests at Ashton. Lucky and Saunders were schoolmates and were both suitors for Mrs. Saunders' hand, who is 20 years old.

Marriage Veterans Are Wedded.

Jacksonville.—Joseph M. Wallace, of Beardstown, and Mrs. Mary J. Hardy, of Virginia, were married, Esquire A. W. Arens officiating. The groom is employed at Beardstown, where the couple will reside. The bride formerly resided in this city. This is the third time Mr. Wallace has been married and the fifth time his bride has entered the matrimonial state.

Fire Makes 300 Idle.

Pana.—The Penwell coal mines works were destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of \$125,000. The fire will throw more than 500 people out of work.

The Smith Lohr Coal company, which was conducted underground, will also be placed out of commission, it is said, as the state law requires an air shaft.

Ex-Minister on Trial.

Joliet.—Benjamin F. Graft, formerly of the Ridgewood Baptist church of Joliet, was placed on trial under an indictment charging forgery in connection with insurance papers issued by Graft as agent for an insurance society after he was deposed from the ministry.

Crushed to Death by House.

Alledo.—George Harris, the 18-year-old son of John Harris, one of the best known farmers in this vicinity, was instantly killed when a tenant house which he was assisting to "jack up," crushed through its support and catching him under it, crushed him to death.

Sunday Converts 476 Persons.

Galesburg.—"Bully" Sunday, the baseball evangelist who is holding a great revival meeting here, has up to date converted 476 persons.

Our Springfield Letter

Special Correspondent Writes of Things of Interest at the State Capital.

Springfield.—Illinois stands in the front rank of the states which prescribe practical instruction for their soldiers. To be sure it lags a long way behind those commonwealths which adequately house, uniform and equip their guardsmen, while, at the same time, insisting that the work performed shall be of the very best. However, it is moving in the right direction, and the legislature at its last session took one step in advance when it appropriated money for the construction of an armory to be occupied by the Seventh Infantry. It is reasonable to believe that this will continue until all the military organizations in the state are provided with armories sufficient for their needs. In the matter of rifle firing, however, Illinois has not lagged. It has provided a reservation in the extreme north-eastern corner of the state, known as Camp Logan, and there on the shores of Lake Michigan has established a rifle range. Already an excellent range, it promises to be one of the best in the country when the improvements now contemplated are completed. Ample facilities are to be found at Camp Logan for every sort of

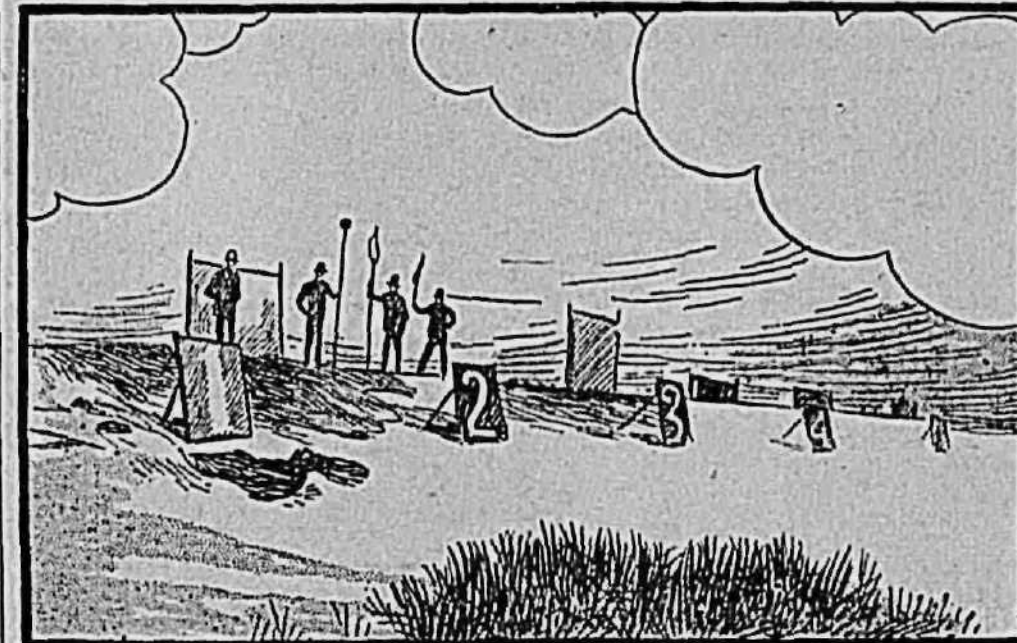
House Passes Important Bills.

The following measures were passed by the house: The Oglesby direct primary bill putting all nominations directly in the hands of voters; the Allen bill declaring the Desplaines and Illinois rivers navigable streams, and ordering the state authorities proceed by law to remove obstructions from them; the cocaine bill prohibiting the sale of narcotic drugs except on a physician's prescription, and providing a fine of \$1,000, or one year's imprisonment, for violation. The measure was backed by John L. Whitman and some of the municipal court judges; a joint resolution providing for the appointment of a joint committee of both houses to report to the next legislature on the outer park belt and forest preserve project in Chicago was passed by both houses.

New Railroad Incorporated.

The secretary of state issued a license to incorporate to the Chicago, Fox Lake & Lake Geneva Railroad company, principal office at Chicago, capital stock, \$200,000. The company is authorized to construct a line from Chicago in a northerly, or

SOME OF THE TARGETS AT CAMP LOGAN.



rifle and revolver practice required by the rules and regulations of the United States army. The butts are of concrete, affording protection to the men employed to mark the scores, and there are enough targets to enable several hundred men to use their rifles any day over distances ranging from 200 to 1,000 yards. There is also a range for skirmish firing 600 yards in extent. The range practice season is from May 1 to October 31, and each officer and enlisted man is allowed 400 rounds of ammunition during the season for practice and record firing. This ammunition is provided by the United States government, and approximately \$20,000 worth has been fired this year. The government has also about completed a two-storyed armory building of cement, equipped with rifle racks, magazine and quarters for the custodian. As a matter of fact, the government pays more of the cost of maintaining the range than does the state, it being the purpose of the war department to bring rifle firing among the state troops to the highest possible efficiency.

Civil Service Examination.

The Illinois civil service commission has called examinations in 17 different places during November for attendants of all classes, ranging from male attendants in the Asylum for Insane Criminals, Menard, who receive \$50 per month and board, to attendants in the other institutions who receive from \$20 upward. These examinations will be held in the following places: November 12—Chicago, Rockford, Alton, Jacksonville, Springfield, Anna, Salem and Lincoln. November 13—Alton, Watertown, Quincy, Peoria, Marion and McLeansboro. November 14—Kankakee, Metropolis and Fairfield. The age limits for men attendants in the Asylum for Insane Criminals are 23 to 45 years. The age limits for men in other institutions are from 21 to 50 years and for women from 18 to 50 years.

New Cocaine Law Drawn.

Representative Church has introduced in the legislature a bill which is intended to prevent the sale of cocaine. The present law has been found to be ineffective, so Judge Sadler, of the municipal court of Chicago, and C. H. Avery, of the state board of pharmacy, drew up the substitute.

May Investigate Asylum.

Discovery of an alarming increase in the death rate at the Kankakee insane asylum promises to result in a state institution scandal of large proportions. Fifty-four deaths in the Kankakee asylum during the quarter, from March 31 to June 30 this year, as against 29 deaths for the corresponding period in 1906, are recorded in the last bulletin of the state board of health. Numerous stories of strange occurrences in various state institutions have been brought to Springfield by members of the legislature.

northwesterly direction, through the townships of Leydon, Maine, Elk Grove, Wheeling and Palatine in Cook county, through Elia, Cuba, Fremont, Wauconda and Grant townships in Lake county; through Nunda, McHenry and Richmond townships in Illinois-Wisconsin state line. A branch line to Fox Lake is also authorized and a branch line to Woodstock. The incorporations and first board of directors are: George M. Seward, Maurice B. Louis, Harry Y. Yaryan, Lewis B. Starr and Sidney F. Mallette.

Cooke Decision Affirmed.

Justice Hand of the supreme court of Illinois handed down his decision in the appeal of John A. Cooke, former clerk, convicted of conspiracy in the circuit court of Cook county and sentenced by the trial court to an indeterminate term in the penitentiary and fined \$2,000. The decision of the trial court is affirmed. Cooke must enter upon his sentence immediately, as the last resource has failed him in his effort to escape a prison cell.

Want Business Men on Board.

As it now stands, the commission, which is to modify the school laws of Illinois, is composed entirely of educators. The present members feel it would be more complete if the taxpayers of the state were directly represented by some business or professional man. They also desire a representative from the various women's organizations of the state and one to give the views of the various Illinois boards of education.

Former Representative Left \$75,000.

The late Joseph Gallup, former state representative from Peoria county, left an estate valued at approximately \$75,000. Of this amount the major portion or nearly \$60,000 goes to his son Loren Gallup, who has lived on the homestead for some years. His personal estate is valued at from \$30,000 to \$35,000. His bequests to his daughters are comparatively small.

School Board Suit Falls.

The supreme court has dismissed the suit of Harding vs. Busse and ordered that if appeal is taken, it must first be taken to the appellate court. Harding and others were ousted from the Chicago board of education by Mayor Busse of Chicago and sought to enjoin him. Losing in the lower courts, they appealed to the supreme court, which heard arguments.

Burke Quits Mine Workers.

That Thomas Burke has handed in his resignation as a member of the international executive board of the United Mine Workers of America is now a fact. The resignation will go into effect the last of the month and Mr. Burke will leave for Helena, Mont., where he has accepted a position as a commissioner of the Coal Operators' association of Montana. Mr. Burke has been a member of the board from Illinois for the past six years and has been one of its most active and influential members.

INCREASE IN BANKS

Many New Institutions Organized During the Past Ten Years.

SHOWN IN AUDITOR'S REPORT

Increase in the Work of His Department Is Compared with Increase in State Receipts and Disbursements.

Springfield, Ill., Oct. 20.—The growth of the department of public accounts during the administration of James S. McCullough, the present auditor, is an index of the development of the state of Illinois. On Feb. 13, 1897, when the first report was compiled by him from statements rendered in response to call, 139 banks showed assets of \$120,000,000. The last report, under date of Aug. 20, 1907, showed 302 banks in operation with \$560,000,000 assets. Of these banks forty-four are located in the city of Chicago with \$134,000,000 in resources.

The question of the increase in the work of the office of the auditor of public accounts can be reasonably compared with the increase in receipts and disbursements of the state funds. The receipts of the state funds in the state treasury between Jan. 1, 1891, and Dec. 27, 1893, were \$62,223,707; the disbursements covering the same period of time were \$46,285,727. The entire receipts into the state treasury on account of the state and all special funds for the biennial period ending Sept. 30, 1906, were \$19,763,126.57 and the disbursements covering the same period of time for all purposes were \$17,661,017.36.

Office Created in 1810.
The office of auditor of public accounts was first created by an act of the general assembly approved March 14, 1810. Under that act the auditor was appointed by the legislature and was commissioned by the governor. The act defined the duties of auditor to be to keep the accounts of this state with any state or territory and with the United States or any individual; to audit all accounts of the civil officers of the state who were paid out of the state treasury; of the members of both branches of the legislature, and all persons authorized to receive money out of the state treasury. The same act fixed the penalty of the bond to be executed by the auditor at \$5,000.

By an act of the general assembly approved Feb. 14, 1831, the general assembly was required during its session commencing on the first Monday

of December, 1834, and every four years thereafter, to elect by a joint vote the auditor of public accounts to be commissioned by the governor. The penalty of the bond fixed by this act was \$10,000.

Under an act of the general assembly in force July 2, 1823, the first Monday of December, 1834, and every two years thereafter, to elect by joint vote an auditor of public accounts to be commissioned by the governor. This act fixed the penalty of the bond of the auditor at \$10,000.

Under the provisions of the constitution of 1848 and 1872 the auditor of public accounts was elected by a vote of the people for a term of four years. The law now fixes the penalty of the bond at \$50,000.

Work Has Increased.

The duties of the auditor of public accounts so far as they relate to the state are practically the same as when the office was first created, but the work necessary in the performance of these duties has very materially increased. Under the law as it now exists the auditor is required to keep an official seal to be used to authenticate all writings, papers, documents and accounts required by law to be certified from his office.

The duties of the auditor are to keep the accounts of the state with any state or territory and with the United States, with all public officers, corporations and individuals having accounts with the state; to audit all accounts of public officers who are to be paid out of the state treasury; of the members of the legislature and all persons authorized to receive money out of the treasury by virtue of any appropriation made or to be made by law, and upon ascertaining the amount due any person from the treasury shall grant his warrant on the state treasurer for the sum due.

Records All Warrants.

The auditor is required to keep a fair record of all the warrants by him drawn, numbering the same in a book to be kept for that purpose. He is required to sign all warrants for money on the treasurer of the state, and all other papers necessary and proper to be signed by him. The law also requires that the auditor shall be deemed the proper officer to institute all suits, motions, or other proceedings in law and equity in which the state is plaintiff, except in cases otherwise provided by law.

He shall also keep a correct record of all accounts by him audited in books to be kept for that purpose. He shall keep an account of all taxes or other moneys which may be due by any person to the state, and also an account of all amounts which may be paid into the state treasury, and shall credit the treasurer's account with the amount of canceled warrants returned to him monthly by the treasurer and give him a receipt for the same, and shall cancel all such warrants on his warrant book. All re-

ceipts for moneys received by the treasurer are required to be countersigned by the auditor of public accounts.

The law makes it the duty of the auditor to make out and forward to each county from time to time for the use of clerks and other officers suitable forms and instructions relative to the assessment of property for taxation and the extension and collection of the taxes, which instructions are to be strictly complied with by the officers in the performance of their respective duties under the requirements of the revenue law. He is also required to give his opinion and advise on all questions of doubt as to the true intent and meaning of the provisions of the revenue law.

Keeps Record of Assessments.

Reports of assessment of property in each county in the state are made to the auditor of public accounts. After the equalization of the same by the state board of equalization the rates of state tax are ascertained upon the aggregate equalized assessed value of the property of the state in accordance with law, which rates are certified by the auditor of public accounts to the several county clerks in the state, who are required to extend said rates upon the tax books against the equalized taxable property assessed in each county. Reports are also made to the auditor of public accounts of all taxes extended on the collectors' books for collection. All county collectors are required to make settlement of the state taxes collected by them through the auditor's office, and in case any collector fails to pay over the state taxes collected by him and makes default the law requires the auditor of public accounts to institute suit upon the bond of the collector to enforce the collection of the taxes so defaulted.

All records of the United States land offices formerly located in the state of Illinois are by law in the custody of the auditor of public accounts, whose duty it is to safely preserve the same and make all copies of original entries, copies of field notes of surveys, copies of plats of survey, and all other papers relating to said files whenever called for.

Adds New Duties.

From time to time during the past laws have been enacted imposing additional and ex-officio duties upon the auditor of public accounts. Under the present laws the auditor is ex-officio a member of the state board of equalization and is required to take part in the work of the equalization of property and of the assessing of property required to be assessed by that board. The auditor is also ex-officio clerk of the court of claims, whose duty it is to act as clerk for such court and to preserve the files and records of the same. He is also a member of the board of contract commissioners, and trustee of the Lincoln home, both of which also impose

additional duties.
In addition to the revenue and land records departments in the auditor's office, there is the department supervising state banks, trust companies, title guarantee companies, and pawn brokers' societies, and the building, loan and homestead association department.

Supervises State Banks.

The act concerning corporations with banking powers, placing the supervision of state banks in the hands of the auditor, became operative on Dec. 6, 1888. It requires the rendering of periodical sworn statements by the banks and at least one examination each year under direction of the auditor. Calls for such statements are usually issued simultaneously with the comptroller of the currency and reports compiled thereon are distributed free to the public. In the matter of examinations a force of expert and experienced auditors is constantly employed.

There is no stronger evidence of the importance and the growth of this department under the administration of the present auditor, than the following comparative statement:

Under the trust act fifty-three corporations are qualified and have made the required deposit with the auditor. Of this number thirty-eight are state banks, two are organizations under the general incorporation act, and thirteen are corporations from other states admitted to do business in Illinois under the foreign corporation act.

Examines the Societies.

Two pawn brokers' societies and two title guarantee companies have been organized through the auditor's department. Like the banks and trust companies, title guarantee companies and pawn brokers' societies are examined at least once annually. Where state banks have qualified under the trust act they are usually examined twice each year. At the present time the deposit of securities with the auditor's department by these companies, required by law, amounts to approximately \$7,000,000.

On Dec. 1, 1906, the date of the auditor's last report on building, loan and homestead associations, 500 of such societies, with resources of over \$46,000,000, were operating in this state; 167 of these are located in the city of Chicago.

In 1897 the auditor reported 682 such associations. A number of these—in many cases by reason of the national character of their business, heavy accumulations of real estate and expensive management—were obliged to retire from the field. Since 1903, when 500 associations were reported, conditions seem to have grown normal and the number and volume of business has been maintained.

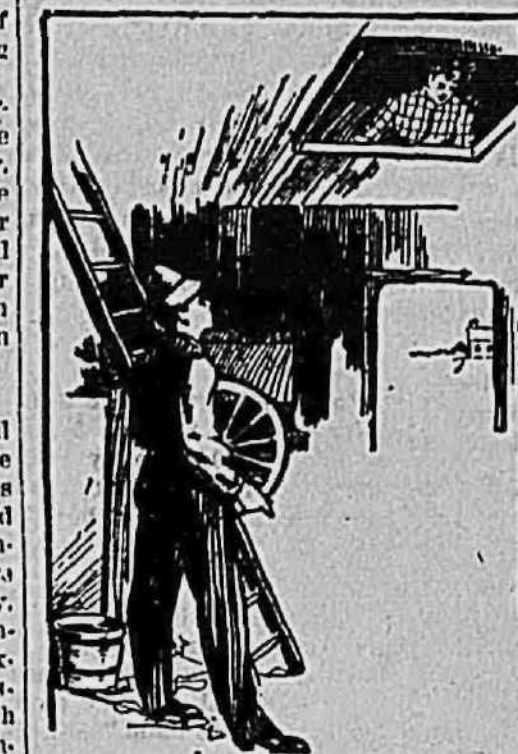
Besides being subject to examination by the auditor, these concerns are required by law to file annual statements.

ANXIOUS SWAIN TRAPS GIRL HE LOVES IN LOFT

KEEPS HER PRISONER UNTIL SHE SAYS SHE WILL BECOME HIS WIFE.

Montville, N. J.—While pretty Molly O'Gorman, a maid on a farm here, was up in the haymow gathering eggs the other day James Moran, a farmer who had long but unsuccessfully sought Molly's hand in marriage, stealthily removed the ladder, which was the only means by which the girl could reach the ground, and kept her prisoner in her lofty station until she promised to be his wife.

Moran, who owns the adjoining farm, saw Molly enter the barn, and, knowing that it was her custom to climb up in the mow to gather eggs, he made his plans accordingly. The time was opportune, as the family had



"Will You Be My Wife?" Asked Moran.

all driven to church to attend services, and Molly was cooking the dinner, when she discovered that a few fresh eggs were necessary for the custard she intended for dessert.

Molly did not know who had removed the ladder, and she called Moran, whom she heard going past whistling. He later entered the barn and immediately began pleading his suit. Molly pleaded with him to place the ladder so that she could get down, but the young farmer took no notice, but kept on declaring his love.

"If you have any love in you," said Molly, "let me down; the dinner will be spoiled."

"Will you be my wife?" asked Moran. "You know everything is fair in love and war."

Seeing that her case was hopeless and that if she did not get down soon the dinner would be burned, Molly finally surrendered her heart to Jim's keeping.

INSANE FROM HYPNOTISM.

Boy Put Under Spell by Revengeful Stranger.

Somerville, N. J.—Mrs. William Sutter, a widow, who owns a small farm in Watchung mountain, near here, charges a strange man with throwing a hypnotic spell over her 13-year-old son Frank, which has driven him insane.

Mrs. Sutter says the stranger applied to her for work. When she refused to give him employment he took her son into the woods with him. The boy came out of the woods and acted strangely. He threatened to burn the buildings on the farm unless his mother consented to employ the man.

Her son, she says, went away with the man and was missing for two weeks. He appeared in New York and was placed in an insane asylum, suffering with a strange delusion that he was a hypnotist.

Mrs. Sutter recovered the boy from the institution and brought him home. He escaped from his home on the mountain and was picked up on the street here by Chief of Police Durling, who was attracted by his strange actions.

He made the typical passes of a hypnotist at people who passed him in the streets. He went through the action of hypnotizing the officer who arrested him and the turnkey who placed him in a cell. He is now in the county jail raving over his imaginary powers of hypnotism.

The boy has also been an inveterate reader of sensational novels and raves about their lurid scenes and characters. His case is puzzling the local physicians, who pronounce him hopelessly insane.

Woman Lives Two Months in Park.

New York.—Margaret Sullivan, who said she was 46 years old, but who looked an octogenarian, was arraigned on a charge of vagrancy in the Harlem court the other day by Policeman Fisher of the Arsenal station, who said he had found her sleeping in a clump of bushes near One Hundred and Third street and Central Park west. The woman was shabbily dressed, but held daintily to her skirts all the time she stood before the court.

She said she had not eaten anything but scraps from picnic parties for two weeks and had lived in the park two months, sleeping in various nooks. She said she was born in Wilmington, Del., of a good family. Magistrate House committed her to the City Home on the island for six months. The woman appeared to welcome the verdict.

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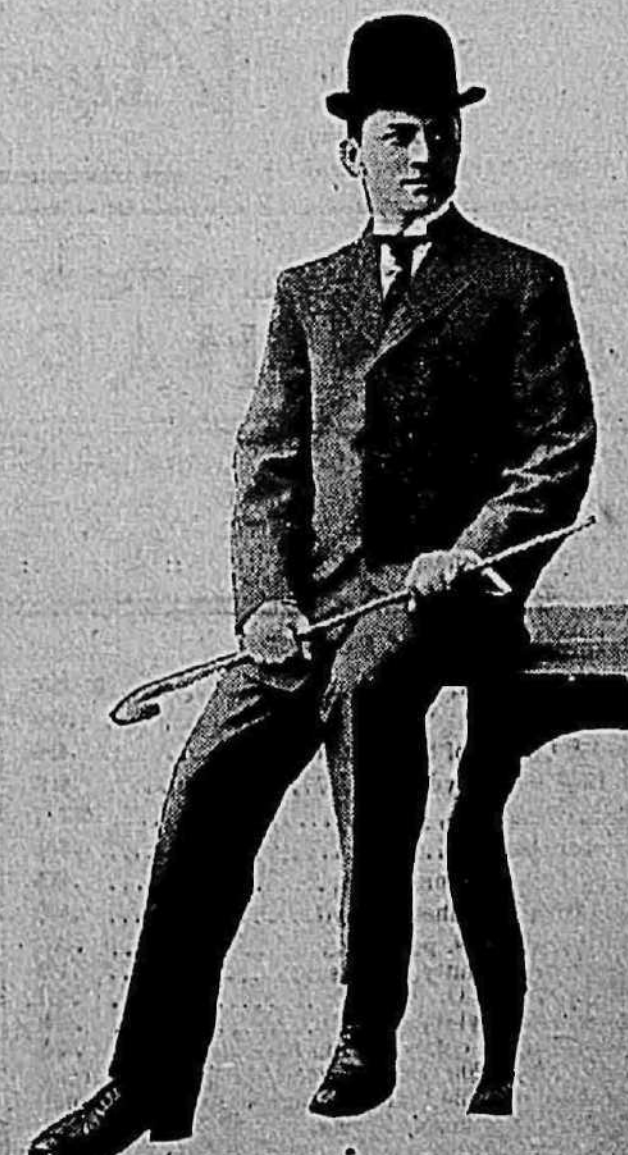
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ANTIOCH NEWS.

A. B. JOHNSON, Publisher.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

The Mystery OF Carney-Croft

By JOSEPH BROWN COOKE

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CHAPTER XXI.

An Amphibian Mystery.

My astonishment at this last remark of the Bruce woman was beyond expression, and, grasping her somewhat rudely by the arm, I exclaimed:

"What do you mean by that? Explain yourself at once!"

"You know well enough what I mean, and who I mean, sir," she replied in a whisper, placing her mouth close to my ear as she spoke. "As you love Miss Carney, and as you value her happiness, sir, you must trust me and ask no questions now."

I pondered deeply for a moment before I answered her and then I said in a low tone:

"You are asking a great deal of me, Mrs. Bruce. You must remember that I am Miss Carney's legal adviser and that I am in duty bound to look out for her interests. This thing has gone quite far enough already, and yet matters are growing more and more mysterious. I heard Jenks tell you that I was up on the hill this morning, and I have no wish to deny it, but I saw something there that must be explained at once or I shall notify the authorities; and, for my part, I do not see how it can be explained at all."

"What did you see, sir?" she gasped, as if in great mental distress.

"Well," I replied, slowly, "I saw a number of little graves, or what appeared to be such."

"Oh, my God!" she moaned, covering her face with her hands. "I did not think anything like that could happen! I should have burned them, sir. Oh, why didn't I burn them! It would have been much safer!"

Jenks had slunk into the house, leaving us to ourselves, and I was enabled to talk more freely.

"Look here, woman!" I exclaimed. "What in the name of heaven does all this mean? Speak, or by all that's holy I'll have you in jail before morning!"

My impassioned words had no effect upon her other than to make her weep piteously, and I waited until she had regained her composure somewhat and was able to talk coherently.

"You misjudge me, Mr. Ware," she said. "Indeed you do, sir. I have committed no crime, sir, and I am doing all in my power to prevent one; for it would be a crime if it happened, although the law wouldn't call it so, sir."

She laid her hand on my shoulder respectfully and then, the old-fashioned, motherly way coming over her, she continued in a choking voice:

"You must do as I ask, Mr. Ware. Do not distrust me, I beg of you, sir, for I have so much to bear and I have borne it all so patiently and so willingly, too, sir. Remember, I have no fault to find, and I am glad to have been able to do what I have done, sir, but the end is so near now that I cannot bear to have everything go for nothing at the last."

Her eyes were filled with tears, and, do what I might, I could not doubt her honesty and sincerity. Before I could speak, she went on hurriedly, looking about her in an apprehensive way:

"Just believe in me for a few days, sir, won't you? Do this for your own sake and for Miss Carney's and the other young lady's. You will never regret it, sir, I promise you; I swear it, sir, on everything I hold sacred, and God knows I am a churchwoman and live in fear of Him and His love sir."

For my life I could do no more than she asked, and, after a moment's hesitation, I said slowly:

"I must trust you, Mrs. Bruce, but I must tell you that I do so against my best judgment. I do not see how all these things can be explained satisfactorily and they must be explained soon in every way. Still, I believe that you are sincere in what you tell me, and, for the present at least, I will ask no more questions and rely upon you to fulfill your protestations of good faith when the proper time comes. You will understand, of course, that in spite of this promise I shall feel perfectly free at any time to take such steps in this matter as I may deem necessary, and, while I am willing to let things stand as they are now for a short time, I shall act promptly and effectively if any new or otherwise suspicious circumstances arise."

With these words I turned and walked down the path in the direction of Carney-Croft, leaving her standing by the gate, crying softly. The next afternoon I took a boat on the river and paddled aimlessly up and down, trying to kill time and watching for opportunity to speak to Miss Carney, whom I had not seen for two weeks. Miss Weston's condition was steadily worse, and the arrival of nurses from town and their

close attention to their patient, coupled with the frequent and anxious visits of the village physician, served as a sufficient excuse for the hurried departure of all of Miss Carney's guests except myself, who remained from a sense of duty as well as a desire to be near at hand and in a position to set myself right with my hostess on the first occasion that offered.

I did not go far from the house, but rowed up and down the stream with no particular objective point in mind and only thinking of what I might do in regard to Mrs. Bruce, and, most of all, how I could hope to again gain Miss Carney's good will, if nothing more, and explain, in the slightest degree, my outrageous behavior.

It is needless to say that I was in no happy frame of mind and, as I allowed the boat to drift slowly down stream with the current, I leaned over the side and peered into the depths of the limpid water on which I was floating.

As I drifted carelessly along in this lazy fashion I finally came to a point opposite that portion of the bank where the ghosts had disappeared so suddenly and mysteriously in the bright moonlight. Up to this time my mind had been free from any thought of this feature of the Carney-Croft puzzle, for the events of the past few days, together with my anxiety to see Miss Carney and right myself in her eyes, were more than enough to occupy my entire attention for the moment.

The realization of my position off the shore, however, served to recall vividly the spectral scene of the summer, and I again began to speculate as to the manner in which the ghost-like figures had managed to disappear from view in such an effectively supernatural way.

While I was pondering over this problem and wondering if I was over

ter, and leading apparently to some sort of a tunnel or cave.

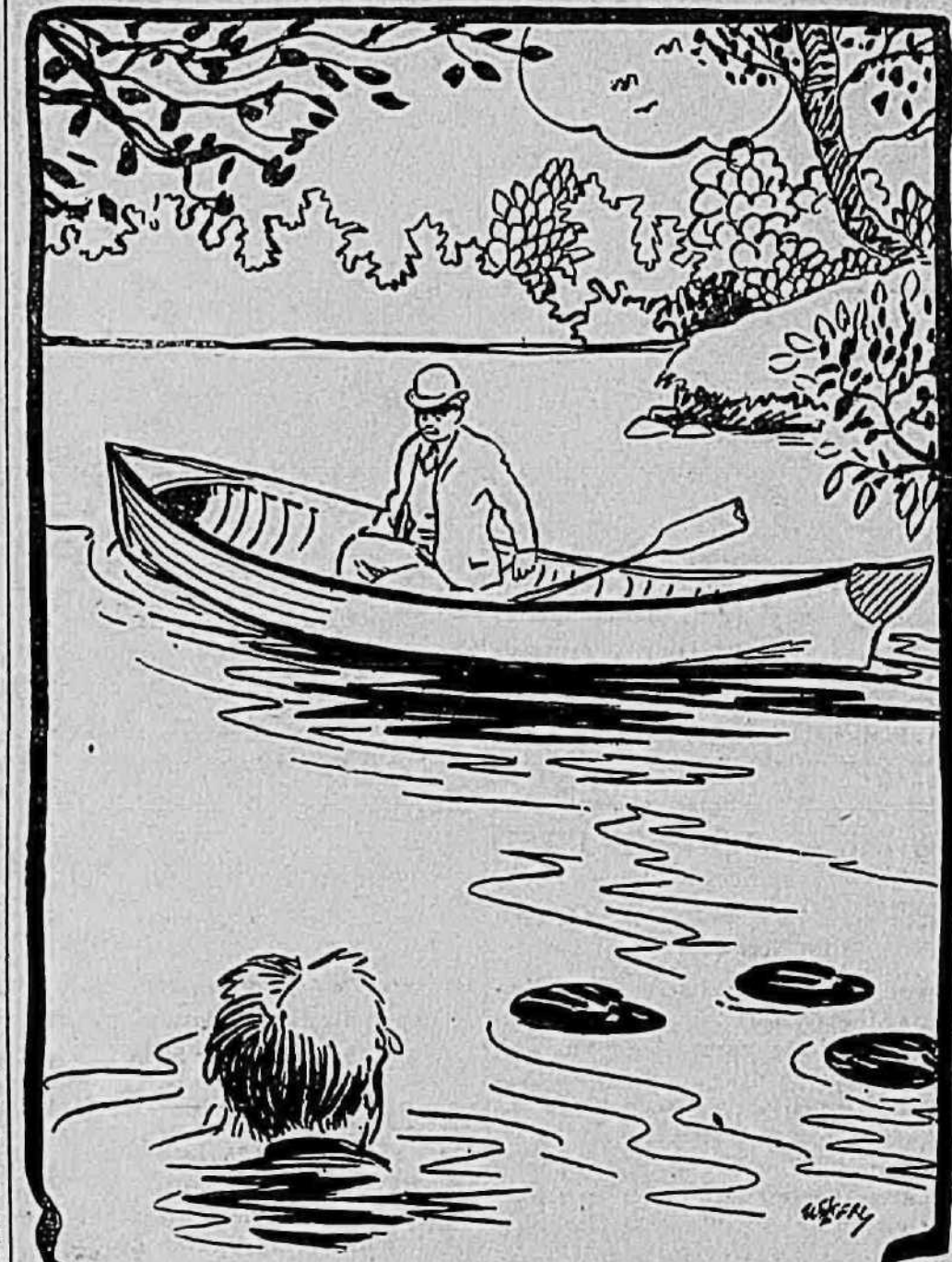
As I made this discovery I had no doubt that the mysterious figure I had seen had emerged from this sunken tunnel, and, upon encountering me, had returned to it with all possible haste. I certainly had no desire to follow him through the submerged entrance to his place of concealment, but I determined to oust him without delay, and leaving my skiff at the boathouse, I returned for a final reconnoiter before summoning a gang of men to dig down from above and lay bare the subterranean vault to which the submerged stairway doubtless led.

Clambering up on the knoll that overlooked this part of the river, I cast my eye in every direction up and down the stream, keeping as close a watch as possible on the entire landscape, and, even sooner than I had expected, I was rewarded by seeing the fellow's head again emerge from the water about 20 feet off shore.

As he shook the drops from his face and glanced about him apprehensively I crouched low down on the ground, back of a brush, and watched him attentively from this point of vantage. His countenance was so distorted with the cold and the water in his eyes that I could not have recognized him even if I had seen him before, and he seemed to swim with great difficulty, doubtless because of the icy chill of the water; but he went bravely about it and struck out manfully for the shore, which he reached in a few sturdy strokes.

As he got into shallow water and made his way to the land, I could see that he was fully dressed, even to his shoes, and that he was shivering violently from the effect of his exertion and the exposure to which he had been subjected.

I was almost on the point of calling out to him and offering him such as-



A Man's Head Appeared Above the Surface.

to solve it with any degree of satisfaction, I noticed a slight commotion in the water between me and the shore, such as might have been made by a beaver or a muskrat.

In another moment a man's head appeared above the surface and then, with a wild look at me and my boat, not 20 yards distant, he gave a convulsive spasm and disappeared again with a plunge like that of a porpoise playing under the bow of a ship.

The water was bitterly cold, for it was now near the end of October, and there was a chill in the air that foretold the coming of snow, yet, although I patrolled the spot for nearly half an hour and had a clear view of the river and shore for fully a mile in every direction, the figure did not reappear.

CHAPTER XXII.

An Unexpected Swim.

For a time it seemed to me that the fellow's life must have been lost and that his body had floated down the stream with the current, which increased steadily in force as it neared the falls, some two miles below.

Whence he had come I did not know, for I could not conceive that a man would be swimming in the river at this time of year, and, just as I was about to row ashore and report the affair to those who could institute a proper search for the body, an idea flashed into my head and served to explain the matter in short order.

The ghosts, or at least the men who impersonated them, had always disappeared from sight at this point on the river bank, and, doubtless, they had dived into the water and found shelter somewhere under the shore. If this were the case, a man might easily enough have ventured out from his hiding place, and, upon seeing me, returned and waited until the coast was clear again.

I pulled in close to the shore, and, paddling slowly along under the overhanging bank, I soon discovered a broad flight of stone steps lying entirely beneath the surface of the wa-

ter, and leading apparently to some sort of a tunnel or cave. As I made this discovery I had no doubt that the mysterious figure I had seen had emerged from this sunken tunnel, and, upon encountering me, had returned to it with all possible haste. I certainly had no desire to follow him through the submerged entrance to his place of concealment, but I determined to oust him without delay, and leaving my skiff at the boathouse, I returned for a final reconnoiter before summoning a gang of men to dig down from above and lay bare the subterranean vault to which the submerged stairway doubtless led.

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NEWS OF ILLINOIS

HAPPENINGS OF INTEREST FROM ALL OVER THE STATE.

LABEL SUITS COME NEXT

Chicago Newspaper Sued in Connection with Magill Case and Prophecies Are That Many More Will Follow.

Clinton.—From present indications the famous Magill murder case had only its beginning in the trial which resulted in an acquittal for the defendants, Fred and Faye Magill, in Decatur.

Already a \$50,000 libel suit has been started against a Chicago paper, charged with publishing slanderous stories. The suit will come to trial in the November term of the circuit court in this county.

Mrs. Downey, the truant officer in Clinton, and one of the witnesses for the state in the recent trial, has been to consult lawyers relative to starting a \$20,000 damage suit against certain lawyers for the defense, whom she says made slanderous and malicious accusations against her good name.

It was stated upon responsible authority that Mrs. Anna Rundle, another witness for the state, is meditating a similar suit against the Magill's lawyers. Mrs. Rundle was declared in the course of one of the arguments by the defense to be a "liar and a dangerous thing to be at large in the land," both of which allegations Mrs. Rundle contends are libelous and defamatory to her good name and character.

And in addition it is said that Fred Magill will at once institute proceedings against certain of his relatives, and other prominent citizens of Clinton, whom he says were the direct cause of his arrest and indictment on the charge of murdering his wife. It is understood that this latter suit will be for \$50,000 against each of four different persons.

CONVENTION URGES CANAL.

River Improvement Association Petitions Congress.

Moline.—The sixth annual convention of the Upper Mississippi River Improvement association came to a close with the election of the following officers: President, Thomas E. Wilkinson, Burlington, Ia.; secretary and treasurer, L. B. Boswell, Quincy, Ill.; vice presidents, W. A. Meese, Moline, Ill.; Charles Hancock, Dubuque, Ia.; S. R. Vansant, Minneapolis, Minn.; Dr. Wendell A. Anderson, La Crosse, Wis.; Capt. William Mason, St. Louis, Mo.

Clinton was voted the 1908 convention.

Resolutions were adopted favoring an annual appropriation of \$2,000,000 for the upper river, approving the president's action in appointing the inland waterways commission, recommending to congress an appropriation to survey for a canal connecting Lake Superior and the Mississippi, and recommending that a congressman from an Iowa district bordering on the Mississippi river be placed on the rivers and harbors committee of the house.

Lucky's Elopement Proves Unlucky. Dixon.—Elton Lucky, who is charged with running away with the young wife of Warren Saunders, of Ashton, was taken from the Los Angeles limited train at Ogden, on telegraphic advice from the sheriff of this county. Saunders has begun a suit against Lucky for \$20,000 and attached his large property interests at Ashton. Lucky and Saunders were schoolmates and were both suitors for Mrs. Saunders' hand, who is 20 years old.

Marriage Veterans Are Wedded. Jacksonville.—Joseph M. Wallace, of Beardstown, and Mrs. Mary J. Hardy, of Virginia, were married, Esquire A. W. Arenz officiating. The groom is employed at Beardstown, where the couple will reside. The bride formerly resided in this city. This is the third time Mr. Wallace has been married and the fifth time his bride has entered the matrimonial state.

Fire Makes 300 Idle. Pana.—The Penwell coal mines works were destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of \$125,000. The fire will throw more than 500 people out of work.

The Smith Lohr Coal company, which was conducted underground, will also be placed out of commission, it is said, as the state law requires an air shaft.

Ex-Minister on Trial. Joliet.—Benjamin F. Graff, formerly of the Ridgewood Baptist church of Joliet, was placed on trial under an indictment charging forgery in connection with insurance papers issued by Graff as agent for an insurance society after he was deposed from the ministry.

Crushed to Death by House. Alledo.—George Harris, the 18-year-old son of John Harris, one of the best known farmers in this vicinity, was instantly killed when a tenant house which he was assisting to "jack up" crashed through its support and catching him under it, crushed him to death.

Sunday Converts 478 Persons. Galesburg.—"Billy" Sunday, the baseball evangelist who is holding a great revival meeting here, has up to date converted 478 persons.

Our Springfield Letter

Special Correspondent Writes of Things of Interest at the State Capital.

Springfield.—Illinois stands in the front rank of the states which prescribe practical instruction for their soldiers. To be sure it lags a long way behind those commonwealths which adequately house, uniform and equip their guardsmen, while, at the same time, insisting that the work performed shall be of the very best. However, it is moving in the right direction, and the legislature at its last session took one step in advance when it appropriated money for the construction of an armory to be occupied by the Seventh Infantry. It is reasonable to believe that this will continue until all the military organizations in the state are provided with armories sufficient for their needs. In the matter of rifle firing, however, Illinois has not lagged. It has provided a reservation in the extreme northeastern corner of the state, known as Camp Logan, and there on the shores of Lake Michigan has established a rifle range. Already an excellent range, it promises to be one of the best in the country when the improvements now contemplated are completed. Ample facilities are to be found at Camp Logan for every sort of

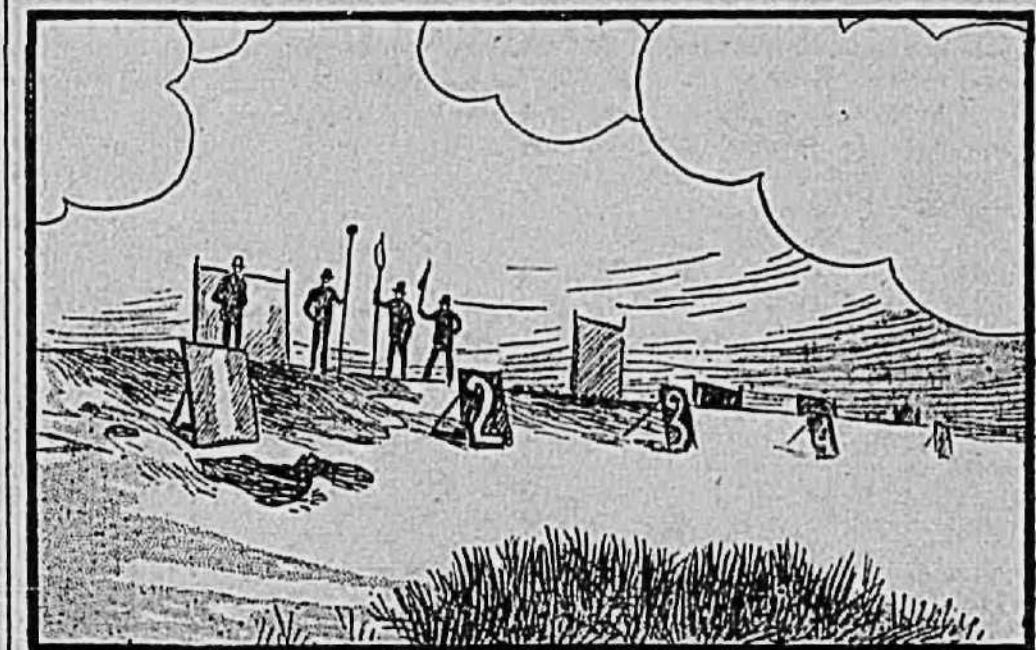
House Passes Important Bills.

The following measures were passed by the house: The Oglesby direct primary bill putting all nominations directly in the hands of voters; the Allen bill declaring the Desplaines and Illinois rivers navigable streams, and ordering the state authorities proceed by law to remove obstructions from them; the cocaine bill prohibiting the sale of narcotic drugs except on a physician's prescription, and providing a fine of \$1,000, or one year's imprisonment, for violation. The measure was backed by John L. Whitman and some of the municipal court judges; a joint resolution providing for the appointment of a joint committee of both houses to report to the next legislature on the outer park belt and forest preserve project in Chicago was passed by both houses.

New Railroad Incorporated.

The secretary of state issued a license to incorporate to the Chicago, Fox Lake & Lake Geneva Railroad company, principal office at Chicago, capital stock, \$200,000. The company is authorized to construct a line from Chicago in a northerly, or

SOME OF THE TARGETS AT CAMP LOGAN.



rifle and revolver practice required by the rules and regulations of the United States army. The butts are of concrete, affording protection to the men employed to mark the scores, and there are enough targets to enable several hundred men to use their rifles any day over distances ranging from 200 to 1,000 yards. There is also a range for skirmish firing 600 yards in extent. The range practice season is from May 1 to October 31, and each officer and enlisted man is allowed 400 rounds of ammunition during the season for practice and record firing. This ammunition is provided by the United States government, and approximately \$20,000 worth has been fired this year. The government has also about completed a two-story armory building of cement, equipped with rifle racks, magazine and quarters for the custodian. As a matter of fact, the government pays more of the cost of maintaining the range than does the state, it being the purpose of the war department to bring rifle firing among the state troops to the highest possible efficiency.

Civil Service Examination.

The Illinois civil service commission has called examinations in 17 different places during November for attendants of all classes, ranging from male attendants in the Asylum for Insane Criminals, Menard, who receive \$50 per month and board, to attendants in the other institutions who receive from \$20 upward. These examinations will be held in the following places: November 12—Chicago, Rockford, Alton, Jacksonville, Springfield, Anna, Salem and Lincoln. November 13—Alton, Watertown, Quincy, Peoria, Marion and McLeansboro. November 14—Kankakee, Metropolis and Fairfield. The age limits for men attendants in the Asylum for Insane Criminals are 23 to 45 years. The age limits for men in other institutions are from 21 to 50 years and for women from 18 to 50 years.

New Cocaine Law Drawn.

Representative Church has introduced in the legislature a bill which is intended to prevent the sale of cocaine. The present law has been found to be ineffective, so Judge Sadler, of the municipal court of Chicago, and C. H. Avery, of the state board of pharmacy, drew up the substitute.

May Investigate Asylum.

Discovery of an alarming increase in the death rate at the Kankakee insane asylum promises to result in a state institution scandal of large proportions. Fifty-four deaths in the Kankakee asylum during the quarter, from March 31 to June 30 this year, as against 29 deaths for the corresponding period in 1906, are recorded in the last bulletin of the state board of health. Numerous stories of strange occurrences in various state institutions have been brought to Springfield by members of the legislature.

Cooke Decision Affirmed.

Justice Hand of the supreme court of Illinois handed down his decision in the appeal of John A. Cooke, former clerk, convicted of conspiracy in the circuit court of Cook county and sentenced by the trial court to an indeterminate term in the penitentiary and fined \$2,000. The decision of the trial court is affirmed. Cooke must enter upon his sentence immediately, as the last resource has failed him in his effort to escape a prison cell.

Want Business Men on Board.

As it now stands, the commission, which is to modify the school laws of Illinois, is composed entirely of educators. The present members feel it would be more complete if the taxpayers of the state were directly represented by some business or professional man. They also desire a representative from the various women's organizations of the state and one to give the views of the various Illinois boards of education.

Former Representative Left \$75,000.

The late Joseph Gallup, former state representative from Peoria county, left an estate valued at approximately \$75,000. Of this amount the major portion or nearly \$60,000 goes to his son Loren Gallup, who has lived on the homestead for some years. His personal estate is valued at from \$30,000 to \$35,000. His bequests to his daughters are comparatively small.

School Board Suit Fails.

The supreme court has dismissed the suit of Harding vs. Busse and ordered that if appeal is taken, it must first be taken to the appellate court. Harding and others were ousted from the Chicago board of education by Mayor Busse of Chicago and sought to enjoin him. Losing in the lower courts, they appealed to the supreme court, which heard arguments.

Burke Quits Mine Workers.

That Thomas Burke has handed in his resignation as a member of the international executive board of the United Mine Workers of America is now a fact. The resignation will go into effect the last of the month and Mr. Burke will leave for Helena, Mont., where he has accepted a position as a commissioner of the Coal Operators' association of Montana. Mr. Burke has been a member of the board from Illinois for the past six years and has been one of its most active and influential members.

INCREASE IN BANKS

Many New Institutions Organized During the Past Ten Years.

SHOWN IN AUDITOR'S REPORT

Increase in the Work of His Department Is Compared with Increase in State Receipts and Disbursements.

Springfield, Ill., Oct. 20.—The growth of the department of public accounts during the administration of James S. McCullough, the present auditor, is an index of the development of the state of Illinois. On Feb. 13, 1897, when the first report was compiled by him from statements rendered in response to call, 139 banks showed assets of \$120,000,000. The last report, under date of Aug. 20, 1907, showed 302 banks in operation with \$560,000,000 assets. Of these banks forty-four are located in the city of Chicago with \$434,000,000 in resources.

The question of the increase in the work of the office of the auditor of public accounts can be reasonably compared with the increase in receipts and disbursements of the state funds. The receipts of the state funds in the state treasury between Jan. 1, 1821, and Dec. 27, 1823, were \$62,226.70; the disbursements covering the same period of time were \$40,285.72. The entire receipts into the state treasury on account of the state and all special funds for the biennial period ending Sept. 30, 1906, were \$19,763,126.57 and the disbursements covering the same period of time for all purposes were \$17,661,017.36.

Office Created in 1810.

The office of auditor of public accounts was first created by an act of the general assembly approved March 14, 1810. Under that act the auditor was appointed by the legislature and was commissioned by the governor. The act defined the duties of auditor to be to keep the accounts of this state with any state or territory and with the United States or any individual; to audit all accounts of the civil officers of the state who were paid out of the state treasury; of the members of both branches of the legislature, and all persons authorized to receive money out of the state treasury. The same act fixed the penalty of the bond to be executed by the auditor at \$5,000.

By an act of the general assembly approved Feb. 14, 1831, the general assembly was required during its session commencing on the first Monday

of December, 1834, and every four years thereafter, to elect by a joint vote the auditor of public accounts to be commissioned by the governor. The penalty of the bond fixed by this act was \$10,000.

Under an act of the general assembly in force July 2, 1823, the first Monday of December, 1834, and every two years thereafter, to elect by joint vote an auditor of public accounts to be commissioned by the governor. This act fixed the penalty of the bond of the auditor at \$10,000.

Under the provisions of the constitution of 1849 and 1872 the auditor of public accounts was elected by a vote of the people for a term of four years. The law now fixes the penalty of the bond at \$50,000.

Work Has Increased.

The duties of the auditor of public accounts so far as they relate to the state are practically the same as when the office was first created, but the work necessary in the performance of these duties has very materially increased. Under the law as it now exists the auditor is required to keep an official seal to be used to authenticate all writings, papers, documents and accounts required by law to be certified from his office.

The duties of the auditor are to keep the accounts of the state with any state or territory and with the United States, with all public officers, corporations and individuals having accounts with the state; to audit all accounts of public officers who are to be paid out of the state treasury; of the members of the legislature and all persons authorized to receive money out of the treasury by virtue of any appropriation made or to be made by law, and upon ascertaining the amount due any person from the treasury shall grant his warrant on the state treasurer for the sum due.

Records All Warrants.

The auditor is required to keep a fair record of all the warrants by him drawn, numbering the same in a book to be kept for that purpose. He is required to sign all warrants for money on the treasurer of the state, and all other papers necessary and proper to be signed by him. The law also requires that the auditor shall be deemed the proper officer to institute all suits, motions, or other proceedings in law and equity in which the state is plaintiff, except in cases otherwise provided by law.

He shall also keep a correct record of all accounts by him audited in books to be kept for that purpose. He shall keep an account of all taxes or other moneys which may be due by any person to the state, and also an account of all amounts which may be paid into the state treasury, and shall credit the treasurer's account with the amount of canceled warrants returned to him monthly by the treasurer and give him a receipt for the same, and shall cancel all such warrants on his warrant book. All re-

ceipts for moneys received by the treasurer are required to be countersigned by the auditor of public accounts.

The law makes it the duty of the auditor to make out and forward to each county from time to time for the use of clerks and other officers suitable forms and instructions relative to the assessment of property for taxation and the extension and collection of the taxes, which instructions are to be strictly complied with by the officers in the performance of their respective duties under the requirements of the revenue law. He is also required to give his opinion and advise on all questions of doubt as to the true intent and meaning of the provisions of the revenue law.

Keeps Record of Assessments.

Reports of assessment of property in each county in the state are made to the auditor of public accounts. After the equalization of the same by the state board of equalization the rates of state tax are ascertained upon the aggregate equalized assessed value of the property of the state in accordance with law, which rates are certified by the auditor of public accounts to the several county clerks in the state, who are required to extend said rates upon the tax books against the equalized taxable property assessed in each county. Reports are also made to the auditor of public accounts of all taxes extended on the collectors' books for collection. All county collectors are required to make settlement of the state taxes collected by them through the auditor's office, and in case any collector fails to pay over the state taxes collected by him and makes default the law requires the auditor of public accounts to institute suit upon the bond of the collector to enforce the collection of the taxes so defaulted.

All records of the United States land offices formerly located in the state of Illinois are by law in the custody of the auditor of public accounts, whose duty it is to safely preserve the same and make all copies of original entries, copies of field notes of surveys, copies of plats of survey, and all other papers relating to said files whenever called for.

Adds New Duties.

From time to time during the past laws have been enacted imposing additional and ex-officio duties upon the auditor of public accounts. Under the present laws the auditor is ex-officio a member of the state board of equalization and is required to take part in the work of the equalization of property and of the assessing of property required to be assessed by that board. The auditor is also ex-officio clerk of the court of claims, whose duty it is to act as clerk for such court and to preserve the files and records of the same. He is also a member of the board of contract commissioners, and trustee of the Lincoln home, both of which also impose

additional duties.

In addition to the revenue and land records departments in the auditor's office, there is the department supervising state banks, trust companies, title guarantee companies, and pawn brokers' societies, and the building, loan and homestead association department.

Supervises State Banks.

The act concerning corporations with banking powers, placing the supervision of state banks in the hands of the auditor, became operative on Dec. 6, 1888. It requires the rendering of periodical sworn statements by the banks and at least one examination each year under direction of the auditor. Calls for such statements are usually issued simultaneously with the comptroller of the currency and reports compiled thereon are distributed free to the public. In the matter of examinations a force of expert and experienced auditors is constantly employed.

There is no stronger evidence of the importance and the growth of this department under the administration of the present auditor, than the following comparative statement:

Under the trust act fifty-three corporations are qualified and have made the required deposit with the auditor. Of this number thirty-eight are state banks, two are organizations under the general incorporation act, and thirteen are corporations from other states admitted to do business in Illinois under the foreign corporation act.

Examines the Societies.

Two pawn brokers' societies and two title guarantee companies have been organized through the auditor's department. Like the banks and trust companies, title guarantee companies and pawn brokers' societies are examined at least once annually. Where state banks have qualified under the trust act they are usually examined twice each year. At the present time the deposit of securities with the auditor's department by these companies, required by law, amounts to approximately \$7,000,000.

On Dec. 1, 1906, the date of the auditor's last report on building, loan and homestead associations, 500 of such societies, with resources of over \$46,000,000, were operating in this state; 167 of these are located in the city of Chicago.

In 1897 the auditor reported 682 such associations. A number of these—in many cases by reason of the national character of their business, heavy accumulations of real estate and expensive management—were obliged to retire from the field. Since 1903, when 500 associations were reported, conditions seem to have grown normal and the number and volume of business has been maintained.

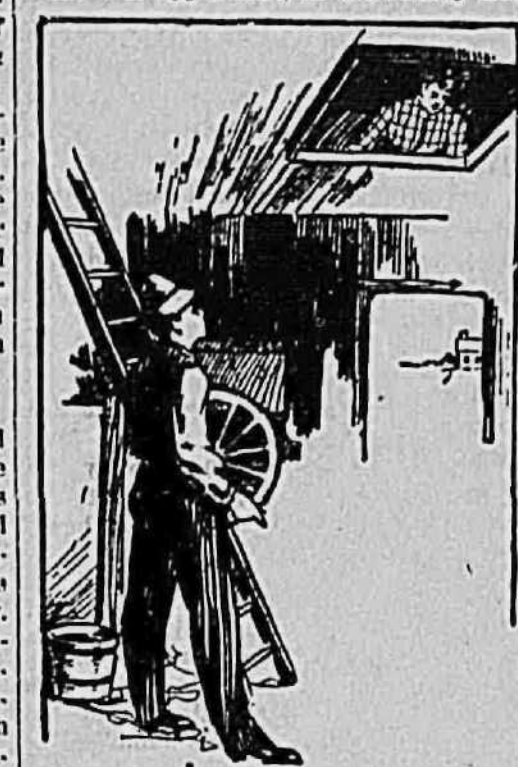
Besides being subject to examination by the auditor, these concerns are required by law to file annual statements.

ANXIOUS SWAIN TRAPS GIRL HE LOVES IN LOFT

KEEPS HER PRISONER UNTIL SHE SAYS SHE WILL BECOME HIS WIFE.

Montville, N. J.—While pretty Molly O'Gorman, a maid on a farm here, was up in the haymow gathering eggs the other day James Moran, a farmer who had long but unsuccessfully sought Molly's hand in marriage, stealthily removed the ladder, which was the only means by which the girl could reach the ground, and kept her a prisoner in her lofty station until she promised to be his wife.

Moran, who owns the adjoining farm, saw Molly enter the barn, and, knowing that it was her custom to climb up in the mow to gather eggs, he made his plans accordingly. The time was opportune, as the family had



"Will You Be My Wife?" Asked Moran.

all driven to church to attend services, and Molly was cooking the dinner, when she discovered that a few fresh eggs were necessary for the custard she intended for dessert.

Molly did not know who had removed the ladder, and she called Moran, whom she heard going past whistling. He later entered the barn and immediately began pleading his suit. Molly pleaded with him to place the ladder so that she could get down, but the young farmer took no notice, but kept on declaring his love.

"If you have any love in you," said Molly, "let me down; the dinner will be spoiled."

"Will you be my wife?" asked Moran. "You know everything is fair in love and war."

Seeing that her case was hopeless and that if she did not get down soon the dinner would be burned, Molly finally surrendered her heart to Jim's keeping.

INSANE FROM HYPNOTISM.

Boy Put Under Spell by Revengeful Stranger.

Somerville, N. J.—Mrs. William Sutter, a widow, who owns a small farm in Watchung mountain, near here, charges a strange man with throwing a hypnotic spell over her 13-year-old son Frank, which has driven him insane.

Mrs. Sutter says the stranger applied to her for work. When she refused to give him employment he took her son into the woods with him. The boy came out of the woods and acted strangely. He threatened to burn the buildings on the farm unless his mother consented to employ the man.

Her son, she says, went away with the man and was missing for two weeks. He appeared in New York and was placed in an insane asylum, suffering with a strange delusion that he was a hypnotist.

Mrs. Sutter recovered the boy from the institution and brought him home. He escaped from his home on the mountain and was picked up on the street here by Chief of Police Durling, who was attracted by his strange actions.

He made the typical passes of a hypnotist at people who passed him in the streets. He went through the action of hypnotizing the officer who arrested him and the turnkey who placed him in a cell. He is now in the county jail raving over his imaginary powers of hypnotism.

The boy has also been an inveterate reader of sensational novels and raves about their lurid scenes and characters. His case is puzzling the local physicians, who pronounce him hopelessly insane.

Woman Lives Two Months in Park.

New York.—Margaret Sullivan, who said she was 46 years old, but who looked an octogenarian, was arraigned on a charge of vagrancy in the Harlem court the other day by Policeman Fisher of the Arsenal station, who said he had found her sleeping in a clump of bushes near One Hundred and Third street and Central Park west.

The woman was shabbily dressed, but held daintily to her skirts all the time she stood before the court. She said she had not eaten anything but scraps from picnic parties for two weeks and had lived in the park two months, sleeping in various nooks.

She said she was born in Wilmington, Del., of a good family. Magistrate House committed her to the City Home on the island for six months. The woman appeared to welcome the verdict.

Ties in every wanted shade and pattern; appropriate for all occasions. **25c**

Finer qualities at..... **50c**

THE HOME OF ECONOMY

ESTABLISHED 1898

HIGHEST QUALITIES, LOWEST PRICES

The GLOBE DEPARTMENT STORE

CORNER GENESEE & MADISON STREETS

WAUKEGAN, ILLINOIS

Dress Well ::= Dress in Style

GLOBE Clothing Prices Means Lowest Cost

A great expense is not entirely necessary to dress yourself well and in style—unless perhaps you listen to the theory of the high price clothier. There is a limit to clothing value to which people are becoming more acquainted every day—but many firms of high repute hold to the practice of making as big profit as possible through the medium of "hot air"—deceiving "high flown" advertising. Strictly adhering to the motto "honesty is the best policy" we believe in small profits and quick sales—accordingly our clothing prices are made. Always comparing qualities we are able every day to guarantee you the best clothing value for your money. Our prices insure to you the latest style, the most dependable quality, the neatest fit—as well, the lowest cost.

These Suits and Overcoats

Show distinctive features of style, shape and cut. The patterns as well as the materials are individual with us at our prices—they are not possible elsewhere except at high priced custom tailors.

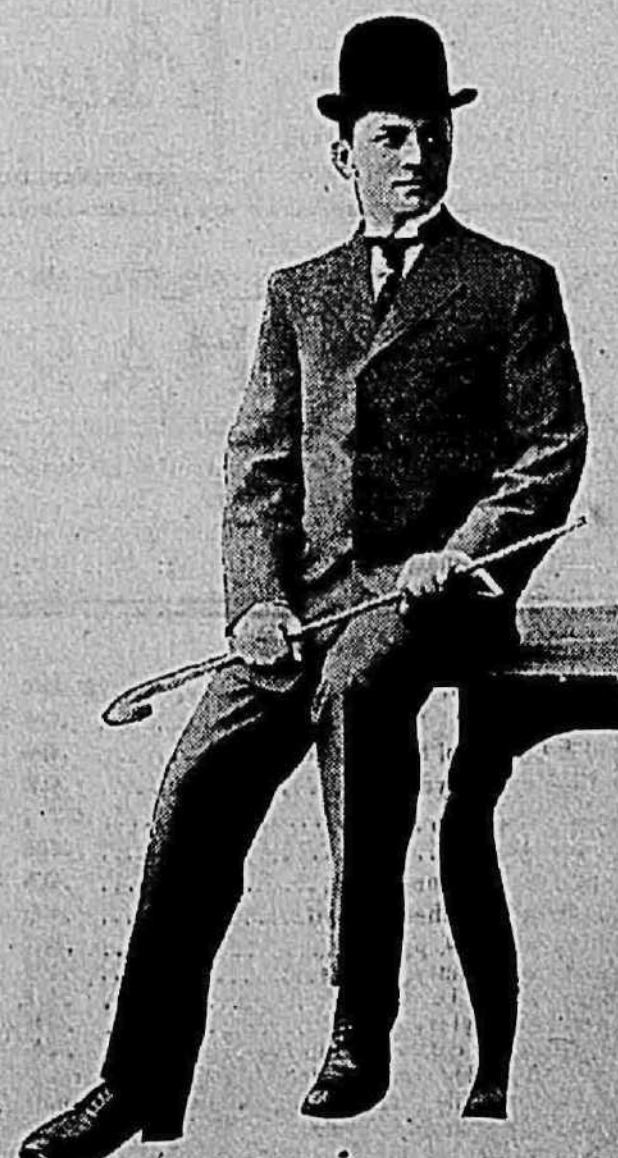
This line of Overcoats strongly appeals to those wanting a garment of quality, service, style at a moderate cost. Very fine quality meltons, kerseys and vicunas. Made in different lengths in slightly fitted back styles with vent in back and flaring side seams. Many \$18 garments elsewhere not their equal.

SPECIAL NOTE

The greatest Linen Sale in the history of merchandising in Waukegan is now in force at this store. We are after your linen business in an upright competitive way—offering you at this sale better linen bargains than was ever your good fortune to secure before. Sale ends Monday, Nov. 11.

\$13.50

\$10.00



Local News Notes

Local Announcements and the
Elgin Butter Market

ELGIN, ILL., Oct. 28.—Butter firm at 27¢. Output for the week 669,400 lbs.

NEW FALL CLOTHING



Call and see my line at
\$10 to \$15

CHASE WEBB
Antioch Illinois

Don't forget I sell overcoats. Chase Webb.

Harvey Watson was a Chicago passenger Tuesday.

At the change of season Herdrich Bitters will help you.

L. L. Soules returned from his northern trip Saturday night.

Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Williams returned from their camp on Tuesday.

Fred and George Busse and a party of Chicago friends spent Saturday last in Antioch.

Miss Hattie Schilke has accepted a position in the alteration department of the Hein-Ornstein Co's store at Kenosha. She left for that place on Tuesday of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Chauncey Barber and little son of Chetek, Wis., arrived here Saturday evening. They expect to spend the winter with relatives and friends in Antioch and vicinity.

The game dinner at Muebreke's on Thursday last was one of the best of those celebrated dinners. A large crowd was in attendance, among the number being many prominent politicians.

Are you interested in the south west? (Oklahoma or Texas.) If so I am the man to see. On the first and third Tuesdays of each month there are special cheap rates and I would be glad to have you as one of our party on any of these excursion dates. Geo. E. Webb. 41f

It is reported that Harry S. Gail has found it necessary to have the remainder of his days made pleasant by securing a divorce from his wife, Martha L. Gail, and has begun action in the superior court in Chicago. The couple were married at Antioch on the twenty-fourth day of December 1885 and separated in 1903.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Herman entertained a few of their Antioch friends at a game dinner at their popular Bluff Lake resort on Sunday last. The dinner was certainly a fine one and Miss Lulu claims that it was only through her success as a marksmen that the dinner was a possibility as she contributed quite generously to the feast being the most successful hunter on the lake last week.

Great enthusiasm has been aroused among the Modern Woodmen of Waukegan and they have set to work with a will to raise their membership from 400 to 600 in that city within the next year. Supreme Lecturer Whelan who had been visiting his sister Mrs. John McClure at Gurnee made a rousing speech to the Waukegan lodge and as a result much activity is manifested among the members.

Miss Maude Brogan of Kenosha spent Sunday with relatives here.

R. Link of Chicago was an over Sunday guest at the Toby Inn.

Lloyd White of Waukegan was calling on Antioch friends Sunday.

Mrs. Lena Garglin visited in Evanston and Chicago over Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Wm. Bartlett and Mrs. W. F. Ziegler were Chicago passengers Monday.

New and second hand pianos for sale or rent. Prices always right. L. B. Grice. 201f

Harry McNamer of Evanston visited over Sunday with Rev. McNamer and family.

Mrs. E. Boylan and Mrs. A. H. Stevens visited in Waukegan the latter part of last week.

Mrs. John Perkins of Kenosha was the guest of Mrs. W. F. Ziegler the latter part of last week.

Abe Crowley left on Saturday for a two weeks visit with relatives and friends at Rockford, Ill.

Frank Haycock visited over Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Haycock east of town.

H. J. Nelson has sold to Mayor Busse, of Chicago, his farm at Fox Lake. Consideration \$16,000.

Mrs. S. D. Warner returned to her home in Chicago on Saturday after a short visit with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. B. R. Hoyerodt spent the latter part of last and the fore part of this week with relatives in Chicago.

Ernie Kelly of Chicago visited over Sunday at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Kelly at this place.

We are prepared to do horseshoeing and all kinds of repair work. Give us a trial. J. E. Didama, J. Panowski. 6ml

Mr. and Mrs. R. Carr of Spring Grove visited over Sunday with J. C. James and family and other relatives at this place.

Harvey Watson has accepted a position as clerk in the drug store at Grayslake. He will begin his duties there the first of November.

Hugo Kelly, who has been in Italy for the past two months arrived here Monday afternoon and is stopping at the C. E. Herman resort at Bluff Lake.

The next regular meeting of the Ladies Aid society of the M. E. church will be held in the church basement on Wednesday afternoon, November 6. Inez Ames sec'y.

If you wish to make up your own goods, hire it made or buy ready made, don't miss seeing my samples. I have a fine line to choose from. Mrs. A. G. Watson, Antioch, Ill.

In addition to the regular taxes as levied this year there is a special tax of \$220 against the town of Salem for money borrowed from the state to build a school house in district number 7.

See Alden, Bidingger & Co., for any thing in music. Pianos, phonographs and records. Two stores, 473 Market st., Kenosha, and 209 N. Genesee st., Waukegan. For piano tuning send to us.

One man bitten, two horses and one cow dead, five other horses bitten, ten or twelve dogs bitten, with possibly others, is the record of a mad dog which ran through the town of Raymond Wis., last week.

Fort Sheridan lost another military convict on the twenty-third of October when F. L. Taylor made a successful dash for liberty after overpowering the guard and making a dash north along the electric tracks. Taylor is the second military prisoner to escape within five days.

The entertainment given by "The Tourists" at the M. E. church Saturday evening drew a crowded house, and was highly appreciated by all present. This was the first number of the Epworth League entertainment course and shows that much thought has been used by the committee having the affair in charge to secure a high class of entertainments for the coming winter.

Organized working men of Chicago, have called upon the farmers of the surrounding country to aid in "punishing" A. Montgomery Ward & Co. The attitude of the big mail order concern toward unions has been a thorn in the side of the labor leaders since the teamster's strike in 1905. Their object is to get the farmers to boycott the Chicago house.

The Antioch News and the Chicago Daily Tribune both one year for the sum of only \$3.00. Or the Antioch News and Chicago Daily Inter Ocean both one year for the sum of \$3.00. Or the Metropolitan Magazine, National Home Journal, Dressmaking at Home, and Farmer's Wife, all monthly magazines in connection with the Antioch News and the Chicago Daily Inter Ocean all one year for the sum of \$4.00. This offer is made to all new subscribers who pay in advance and to all old subscribers who pay up arrearsages and one year in advance. Read this over carefully and let us hear from you. The Inter Ocean offer holds good only until January 15, 1908.

B. H. Overton was a Chicago visitor Saturday last.

Miss Anna Koppen was a Grayslake caller Saturday.

My 50 cent fleeced-lined underwear is a corker. Chase Webb.

Mrs. G. Shilke and daughter spent one day last week in Kenosha.

Miss Helen Johnson was a Chicago visitor the latter part of the week.

W. S. Westlake and Rev. McNamer were Waukegan visitors Tuesday.

For sale—Full blood Shropshire buck, one year old. Inquire of Frank Harden.

Almon Webb of Waukegan called on Antioch friends the latter part of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Koppen and daughter Emma, were Round Lake visitors Saturday.

Mrs. Ira Soule of Sioux Falls, S. D., is visiting relatives and friends in Antioch and vicinity.

E. W. Coole of Chicago visited friends at Antioch and Loon Lake over Saturday and Sunday.

For Sale—Fine light Brahma cockrels at reasonable prices. Mrs. T. Garland, Bristol, Wis. 9w2

Mr. Edward Hewitt of Chicago was the guest of A. Koppen and family over Saturday and Sunday.

Tom Burnett left on Monday morning for Elkhorn, Wis., where he has accepted a position in a barber shop.

Mrs. Wright of Libertyville was the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Jas. H. Swan the latter part of the week.

Homer Landry who is now employed in a barber shop in Chicago spent Monday with his parents at this place.

Mrs. H. S. O'Brien and Miss Grace Hutchins of Fond-du-Lac, Wis., are visiting Antioch friends this week.

For sale—A Steinway, square piano in good order. Will trade for oats or corn. Ayling Bros., Antioch, Ill. 10f

About twenty young people enjoyed a bountiful supper at the home of Miss Libbie Webb last Friday evening.

Miss Daisy McNamer returned home Monday afternoon after having spent a few days with friends in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Craine and Miss Blanche Cornish and lady friend of Solon Mills visited friends in Antioch Friday.

Miss Mary Jamieson and Mrs. Inez Ames returned home Sunday evening after a short visit with friends at Grayslake.

Mrs. F. H. Schenning and daughter of Silver Lake and Mr. and Mrs. Austin who are guests at the Silver Lake resort were Antioch callers Monday.

N. Larson has purchased of J. C. James, Sr., his cottage on railroad street, which is at present occupied by H. Tenbruggen and family. Consideration \$550.

For sale—a good eight room house, a good barn, 1 acre land, apple trees, chicken yards, cement walks, nicely located in the village of Antioch. Price \$2000. J. C. James, Jr.

The Moler Barber College, Chicago, Ill., certainly offer splendid chance for men to learn that trade quickly. There is little expense and positions are numerous. Their illustrated catalogue explains fully. Write them.

The dynamo and the incandescent lamps for the electric light company arrived the latter part of the week. The arc lights have been unexpectedly delayed, but the dynamo and incandescents will be put in place without delay.

The cold storage house which is being built on the Booth farm at Trevor is rapidly nearing completion. The building is partly below and partly above ground. The dimensions are 100x40 feet and when finished will hold 800 tons of cabbage.

There will be a Halloween social in the church parlors on Thursday evening, given under the auspices of the Epworth League. Admission 10 cents, pie and coffee 5 cents extra. Home made candies and fresh popcorn for sale. Games and amusements the entire evening.

Messrs B. Green and M. Loftus will be in Antioch on Friday November 1. for the purpose of buying horses of all kinds. Any one having horses to sell should either bring them in or come and see these gentlemen, for they mean business and will pay the highest market price.

Mr. and Mrs. John Welch left on Wednesday morning for a month's trip through the east, where they will visit relatives at Long Island, N. J. and other places. They were accompanied by Miss Hannah Welch who goes to Poultney, Vermont, where she will spend the winter with relatives.

Representatives of the Lawrence firm of aerial photographers are taking pictures of the grounds of the Sheldon University and Era Lake near Rockefeller, these days, from aeroplanes. The process is an interesting one and is attracting much attention. The Sheldon school owns 600 acres.

Miss Susan Morley was a Chicago visitor Tuesday.

Suits of all kinds for men and boys. Chase Webb.

George Olcott transacted business in Chicago Monday.

A. Tweed of Ingleside was a business caller in Antioch Monday.

Dr. and Mrs. Becker of Silver Lake were Antioch callers Monday.

Mrs. VanWie of Salem spent Monday last with relatives at this place.

Clair Kelly of Chicago visited at the home of his parents over Sunday.

Herman Cubbon spent the latter part of last week, camping and hunting at Lake Marie.

For Sale—A house and lot on Johnson street for sale cheap. Inquire of John Richards. 10f

Before you buy call and see my samples of ladies and childrens suits and dresses, also samples of ready made skirts, suits and heavy coats of all kinds. Mrs. A. G. Watson, Antioch, Ill.

TO THE PUBLIC

All persons wishing me to do dental work for them must have it done before December 15, 1907, as my office will be closed for two months from that date.

G. R. Olcott, Dentist, Antioch, Ill.

NOTICE FOR BIDS

Notice is hereby given that sealed bids will be received by the Board of Trustees of the Village of Antioch, Lake County, Illinois, for the building and lot on Depot street, owned by the Village of Antioch, known as the "old factory" building, described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing in the center of the highway of the north-west corner of the Marble Shop lot owned and occupied by John Welch, then westerly along the center of the highway forty-four (44) feet, more or less, to the north-east corner of a lot conveyed by John Welch and wife to the Village of Antioch, thence south along the east line of said lot to the south line of said lot, thence easterly along the north line of land owned by Levy J. Simons, to the south-east corner of the Marble Shop lot owned by John Welch, as aforesaid, thence northerly along said Welch's west line to the place of beginning, further described as being the east 44 feet of lot Number twenty-six (26) in County Clerk's sub-division of unsubdivided lands in the village of Antioch, being a part of the north-east quarter of the south-west quarter of section eight (8), township forty-six (46) north, of range ten (10) east of the third (3rd) Principal Meridian, situated in the town of Antioch, in the county of Lake, in the State of Illinois, hereby releasing and waiving all rights under and by virtue of the Homestead Exemption Laws of the State of Illinois.

The Board of Trustees of the Village of Antioch, in the county of Lake, and State of Illinois, reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

NELSON PULLEN,
President Pro Tem.
L. M. HUGHES, Clerk. 4m2

Wanted Local representative for Antioch and vicinity to look after renewals and increase subscription list of a prominent monthly magazine, on a salary and commission basis. Experience desirable, but not necessary. Good opportunity for right person. Address Publisher, Box 52, Station O, New York.

BANK OF ANTIOCH,

EDWARD BROOK,
BANKER.

BUY AND SELL EXCHANGE,
AND DO A GENERAL
BANKING BUSINESS.

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Between Washington and Madison.

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TELEPHONE 1303.

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New Discovery
FOR COUGHS
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GUARANTEED SATISFACTORY
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We promptly obtain U. S. and Foreign
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WASHINGTON, D. C.

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Both Farm and Lake Property

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Good Companies

Accidental and Life Insurance, Reasonable
Rates and Good Companies

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consisting of

School Books, Tablets, Pens, Pencils

Send Your Children to Us and We will Supply Their Needs

J. H. SWAN, ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS

Christmas Photographs at Lugar's Studio

From now until further notice I will give FREE with each two dozen Cabinet Photos one 11x14 enlargement. Come NOW and have your Christmas Photos made and be sure they will be ready when wanted. I have just received over 100 samples of Picture Moulding. Come and see them and let me do your framing. Prices right. Open every day and from 9:00 a. m. to 4:00 p. m. on Sundays.

MAIN STREET ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS

THE ANTIOCH NEWS \$3.00

AND THE
CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE
ONE YEAR

THE ANTIOCH NEWS \$3.00

AND THE
CHICAGO DAILY INTER-OCEAN
ONE YEAR

THE ANTIOCH NEWS

AND THE
CHICAGO DAILY INTER-OCEAN
AND THE

Metropolitan Magazine
National Home Journal
Dressmaking at Home
Farmer's Wife, all for
\$4.00

This offer is made to all new subscribers and to all old subscribers who pay up and one year in advance. The Inter-Ocean offer is good only till Jan. 15, 1908.

BANKS SAVING CASH

LOAN CERTIFICATE PLAN ADOPTED IN MANY CITIES.

NEW YORK NOW CALMER

Present Situation Deals Solely with Supplies of Currency—Neither Credit Nor Prosperity Affected.

New York.—The feeling among banking authorities is that united action and wise counsels have already accomplished much in providing a solution for the financial problem with which they have been called on to deal during the past week, and that, with remedial plans now further perfected, the promise is strong for the uninterrupted maintenance of financial stability.

Saturday the bankers adopted the system of clearing house loan certificates and agreed that the withdrawal of savings deposits shall be permitted only on the legal notice of from 30 to 60 days. This example was followed by the banks of Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Louis, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, and other cities, not because of any weakness of those institutions, but to prevent the draining of their financial resources by the demand for money in the east.

Sunday was marked by its usual calm, which gave the financial leaders an opportunity to ease the tension of overwrought nerves experienced during the past week. Most of them remained at home throughout the day and there was a noticeable absence of the hurried conferences of recent days.

The departure of Secretary Cortelyou for Washington removed a conspicuous figure from the field, but it was felt that with President Roosevelt's strong support, as expressed in his letter made public Saturday night, Mr. Cortelyou's presence in Washington was favorable to such further government assistance as might be required.

One prominent banker pointed out that it could not be brought to the attention of the country at large too strongly that the present situation is one dealing solely with the supplies of currency, and that neither the business credit of the nation nor its industrial and agricultural prosperity is affected.

In this respect there is a sharp contrast with the conditions prevalent in 1893. At that time many manufacturing concerns were closed, railroad business was at a low ebb and all parts of the country were feeling the strain of acute business depression. To-day, on the contrary, the country is extremely prosperous; manufacturing plants are running at full time to keep up with orders demanding output to their fullest capacity; railroad earnings are the highest ever known and the crop prospects are excellent. The banks themselves, especially those of New York, have in their vaults interest-bearing securities of the very best character on which, in all ordinary times, they would be able to realize large sums of money.

Chicago Adopts System.
Chicago.—To prevent the draining of Chicago's financial resources by the demand for money in the east, and to preserve the stability of the local banks through the pinch of the present fiscal stringency, the members of the clearing house, comprising the bank presidents of the city, met Saturday night and adopted precautionary measures.

It was decided that beginning with the opening of business Monday morning clearing house certificates will be issued to cover the balance between banks, and the withdrawal of savings deposits will be permitted only on the legal notice of from 30 to 60 days.

SKELETON TICKETS STOLEN.

Burglars Also Get Stamps and Patches to Prepare Them.

Los Angeles, Cal.—A burglary thought at first of minor importance developed Sunday into a crime that will annoy railroad officials throughout the country for months to come. The Southern Pacific station at Santa Monica was robbed last Thursday night of skeleton tickets valued at over \$15,000, together with the stamps, punches and ink pads which will enable the thieves to stamp hundreds of transcontinental railroad tickets.

Rates in Mexico to Go Up.
Mexico City.—It was authoritatively stated Sunday that a general rise in the railway rates of the country would go into effect in the near future. This conclusion was reached after many sessions of the railway commission and the officials of the various railways. The latter held out for a 20 per cent. increase, but the commission agreed to a 12 per cent. increase. No agreement was reached on the matter of the shipment of ores. This point will be settled at a later conference.

Costly Fire in Noma.

Tacoma, Wash.—Fire at Noma on Friday caused property loss of about \$300,000. The second avenue office building of the Pioneer Mining company, the best structure of the kind in the town, was among those destroyed at a loss of \$50,000.

Fatal Railway Wreck in Texas.

Dallas, Tex.—A wreck on the Missouri & Texas railroad, which occurred Sunday, killed the first passengers in the history of the company. Two are dead and 25 hurt.

A SECOND DREYFUS AFFAIR

FRENCH NAVY AND ARMY OFFICERS ARRESTED AS TRAITORS.

One Confesses—Possessed Many Naval Secrets and Tried to Blackmail Minister of Marine.

Paris.—The arrest of Ensign Charles B. Ulmo, of the French navy, at Toulon Thursday, on the charge of being a spy and his confession to having abstracted a secret naval signal book and the naval cipher code, was followed Friday by the arrest at Vendome of an officer named Berton, who is charged with negotiations with an agent of a foreign power for the sale of military secrets.

The arrests are creating a great stir, and as Ulmo is a Hebrew, the papers term his case a second Dreyfus affair.

It appears that Ulmo offered certain documents to the minister of marine for \$30,000, saying that unless his offer was accepted he would sell them to a foreign power. A dummy correspondence was begun, ending with Ulmo's capture.

A search of his lodgings revealed that he not only possessed the secret code signals, but was in possession of complete plans for the mobilization of the French navy, the location of harbor mines in the event of war, photographs of the mechanism of France's famous 75-millimetre field gun, etc.

The cases of Ulmo and Berton added importance to the debate which opened in the chamber of deputies Friday afternoon on the interpellations regarding the state of the national defenses, in connection with the charges made in the book entitled "Are We Defended?" recently published by Charles Humbert, an ex-army captain and staff officer of former War Minister Andre, and the magazine article on the same subject of which Gen. Langlois is the author.

M. Gauthier and Lasies, authors of interpellations, spoke at length on the disorganization said to exist in the army, citing statements made by M. Humbert and Gen. Langlois and contending that this deplorable condition of affairs was the result of the anti-military propaganda and the political favoritism introduced since the days of Gen. Andre.

COOKE AND M'REYNOLDS LOSE.

Illinois Supreme Court Confirms Conviction of Two Chicagoans.

Springfield, Ill.—The decision of the appellate court affirming the decision of the criminal court of Cook county, which found John A. Cooke guilty of embezzlement while acting as circuit clerk of Cook county, and sentenced him to imprisonment in the penitentiary, was affirmed by the supreme court Thursday.

The supreme court also affirmed the judgment of the criminal court of Cook county, which found George S. McReynolds guilty of embezzlement and sentenced him to the penitentiary. McReynolds had issued warehouse certificates against grain owned by himself and his own elevator, and deposited the receipts as collateral for money borrowed from banks on the grain, and when the receipts were returned there was no grain in the warehouse.

PRESIDENT IS 49 YEARS OLD.

As Usual No Celebration Marks Mr. Roosevelt's Birthday.

Washington.—Sunday was President Roosevelt's forty-ninth birthday. No celebration marked the event, the president rounding out his forty-ninth year and entered upon his fiftieth with the same simplicity that always characterized his birthday. He did not depart from his customary Sunday program of worship, work and recreation. The day was spent at the White House fireside in a quiet family rejoicing. Congratulations in large numbers, by mail, telegraph and telephone, were received at White House.

JAMES REDDICK IS KILLED.

Prominent Chicago Republican Dies in Auto Accident.

Chicago.—James Reddick, chairman of the Republican county committee and one of the foremost politicians in the city, was killed shortly after one o'clock Sunday morning in an automobile accident at Half Day, a village on the old Milwaukee highway, half way between Wheeling and Libertyville, and about 28 miles from Chicago.

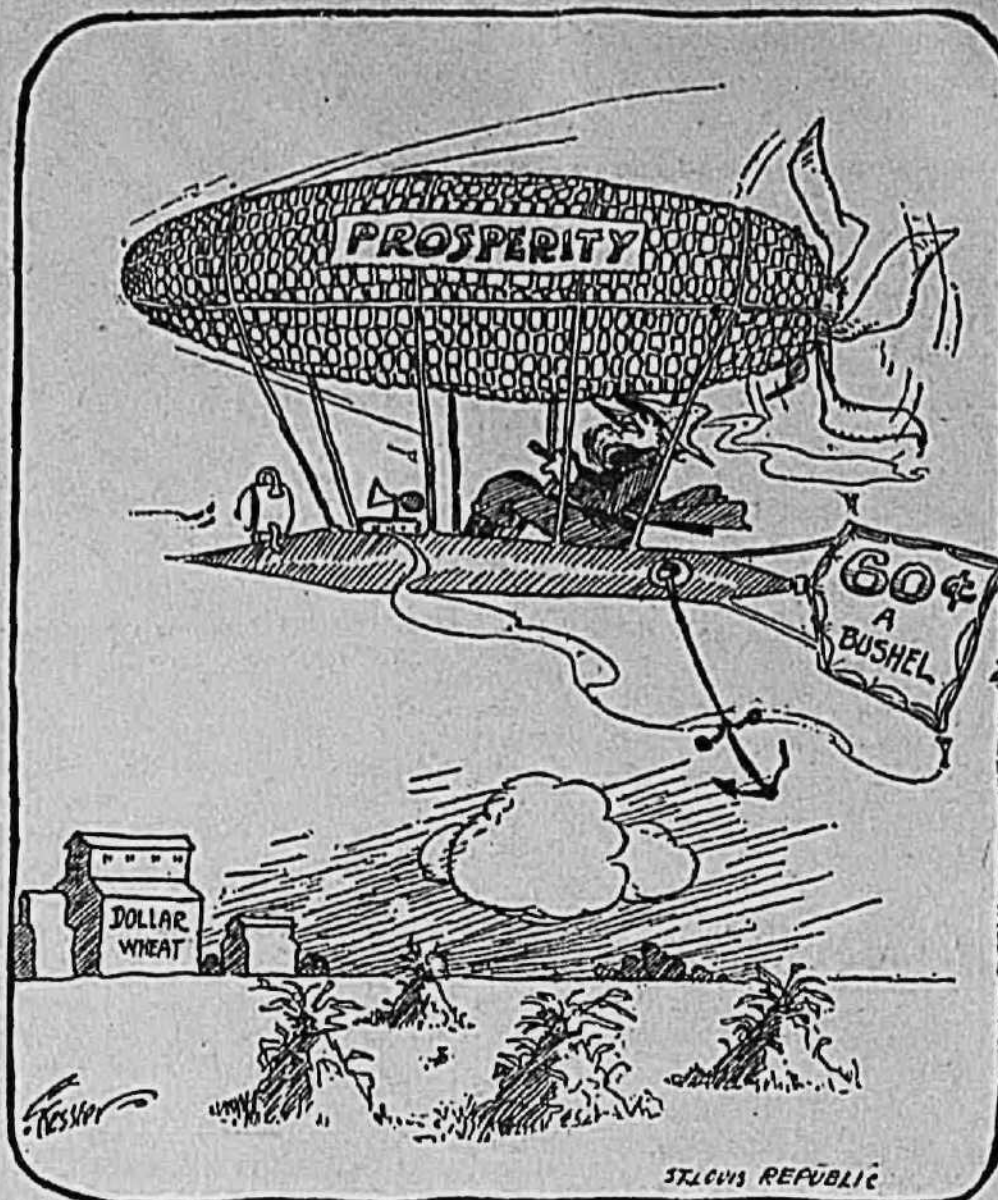
Colorado Statute Held Void.

St. Paul, Minn.—The United States circuit court of appeals Friday handed down a decision that the Colorado statute prohibiting any foreign corporation from prosecuting or defending a suit in that state unless it has paid an annual license of two cents for each \$1,000 of capital stock is unconstitutional. It literally interpreted as to any corporation engaged in interstate commerce.

Thayer Monument Unveiled.

Lincoln, Neb.—A monument to the memory of the late Brig. Gen. John M. Thayer, erected by the state of Nebraska, was dedicated at Wyuka cemetery Sunday afternoon in the presence of a large audience. The unveiling was performed by W. K. Gillis and Wesley Barr, two members of the First Nebraska regiment, commanded during the civil war by Gen. Thayer. The dedicatory address was delivered by Col. Thomas J. Majors, of Peru. Gen. John C. Cowin, of Omaha, also delivered an address.

A PRIZE WINNER!



TO PROMOTE BOB EVANS

PLAN TO MAKE HIM A VICE ADMIRAL WILL BE REVIVED.

Reason for Change Is to Make His Rank Equal to Foreign Officers for Coming Cruise.

Washington.—The great battleship fleet which is to make its way from the Atlantic to the Pacific will probably be commanded by a vice admiral, and that officer is now Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans.

Of course this is conditional upon congress giving its sanction to the proposal that will be made by the executive to establish this new rank in the navy. The idea is not a new one. In fact, the president in his last annual message to congress, as well as the secretary of the navy in his annual report, made a recommendation to that effect, but without securing the approval of congress. Now, however, conditions are believed to be more favorable than ever before for this project.

Rear Admiral Evans is going to sail in command of the most powerful fleet that ever gathered under the American flag. Not only that, he commands more battleships of modern type than any other naval officer in the world, and the only officer whose blue pennant floats over a more numerous fleet of all kinds of warships is Lord Charles Beresford, and he is of even greater rank than a vice admiral, being an admiral, like Dewey.

On this cruise the American fleet is to touch in many foreign ports and is to exchange courtesies with foreign fleets. In several places—in Brazil, in Chili, in Argentina—the American commander, supposing he retains his present title of rear admiral, would be outranked, for the navies of all of these countries contain officers of the grade of vice admiral, which would make the American commander's position humiliating.

It would be pointed out in Rear Admiral Evans' case that not only is he by his remarkable service record entitled to this advancement, but any objections to the creation of this new grade that might be broached in congress might be overcome by pointing to the fact that as Rear Admiral Evans retires next August, the office will be of short duration.

ALFONSO HAS TUBERCULOSIS.

King of Spain Will Consult Specialist in London.

Madrid.—The alarming reports circulated earlier in the month regarding the health of King Alfonso appear to be confirmed. It is understood the king, who will travel under the strictest incognito as duke of Toledo during his coming visit to London, will submit to the examination of a specialist in tuberculosis, from which disease his father died. The king's open air life thus far has kept the hereditary disposition in abeyance and an operation was performed on him recently in the hope of checking the growing symptoms of consumption.

Automobile Kills \$8,000 Horse.
Pittsburg, Pa.—A horse valued at \$8,000 by its owner, H. Vervack, of Buffalo, N. Y., sent here for the horse show, which will open next week, had to be shot Friday after an automobile had struck it, breaking both hind legs.

Short Strike in New Orleans.

New Orleans.—Ten thousand cotton and freight handlers went on a strike which lasted four and one-half hours here Friday. They were the men who returned to work in the morning after nearly a month-long sympathetic strike against local steamship interests. Friday's strike was also sympathetic, called because part of the returning men refused to sign a three-year contract with the Illinois Central railroad. The trouble was settled by the railroad's withdrawing its demand.

INSURANCE MAN IS CONVICTED.

Dr. Gillette, Ex-Mutual Life Official, Found Guilty of Perjury.

New York.—The first conviction in the cases based on the disclosures in the legislative investigation of insurance affairs in 1905-1906 was obtained by the district attorney's office Thursday night when a jury in the criminal branch of the supreme court found Dr. Walter R. Gillette, former vice president of the Mutual Life Insurance company, guilty of perjury in the third degree.

The verdict was accompanied with a recommendation for mercy. The maximum penalty for this degree of perjury is ten years' imprisonment.

Upon the report of the jury counsel for Gillette moved for a certificate of reasonable doubt and an arrest of judgment. Justice Dowling announced that he would hear the motion next Monday and in the meantime remanded Dr. Gillette to the toms. During the trial the defendant had been at liberty under \$10,000 bond.

The jury was out one hour and 25 minutes. Dr. Gillette is 67 years of age and is well known in medicine from the practice of which he retired some years ago. He was born in Philadelphia.

GERMANY WINS BALLOON RACE.

Pommern Captures Bennett Cup, Traveling 880 Miles.

St. Louis.—Proclaimed as the most remarkable ballooning contest in the history of the world's aeronautics, with every racing record broken, the second international cup competition, which started from here on Monday last, ended Wednesday, with Germany accorded the winning laurels.

The finish of the race was the closest and most exciting the followers of the sport have ever known, the victorious German balloon, the Pommern, which landed at Asbury Park Wednesday morning, having but slightly more than five miles the advantage of the French contestant, L'Isle de France, second in the race, which descended during the afternoon at Herbersville, N. J., a few miles from the Atlantic coast and slightly northwest of Point Pleasant.

Another German balloon, the Dusseldorf, stands third in the race. American entries are fourth and fifth, a third German team is sixth, a French team seventh, American eighth and English ninth.

The unofficial estimated air-line flight of the Pommern is 880 miles, and that of the L'Isle de France is 875.

College Weather Bureau Planned.

Milwaukee.—A weather bureau, comparable to that of the United States government, is to be established by Marquette college of this city. The Alumni association has pledged itself to raise the necessary funds, and Rev. James McGeary, who recently came from Manila to take the chair of physics and astronomy at the college and who is one of the best known weather observers in the country, will take charge of the service.

Kiowa Indian Agent Selected.

Washington.—After a conference with the president Thursday, Secretary Garfield announced he would offer Lieut. Stockler, of the Philippine scouts, the office of agent at the Kiowa Indian reservation.

Three Killed by Dynamite.

Santa Barbara, Cal.—Three men were killed at Santa Maria in this county by the explosion of a charge of dynamite with which they were trying to dynamite the casing of the syndicate oil well.

Gen. Buel's Historic Home Burned.
Evansville, Ind.—Information received here from Rockport, Ky., states that the historic home of the late Gen. Don Carlos Buel at Aldridge, on the Green River, was destroyed by fire Saturday night.

GOLD FROM EUROPE

ENGAGEMENT OF LARGE SUMS HELPS BANK SITUATION.

COPPER IS HIGH ABROAD

Certified Check System Works Well, and Financiers Think Trouble Is Just About Over.

New York.—The principal events in the financial district Monday indicated that the worst of the crisis was over and that conditions were settling down to normal. There were no further bank suspensions and reports were favorable for the resumption of most of the banks which closed temporarily last week.

The engagement of \$18,750,000 in gold from Europe for importation to New York was followed by the sensational announcement of sales of American copper abroad, which will further increase the tide of foreign money to this country to an aggregate of over \$25,000,000. This, with the rapid rise of good securities on the stock exchange, in some cases as much as four and five per cent., which was naturally followed by slight reaction at the close, and the policy of the trust companies not to pay out currency for hoarding purposes, all contributed to strengthen the confidence in banking circles and among the public at large.

Rums upon banks practically ceased, partly because of recognition that they were unnecessary and unjustifiable and partly because of the policy adopted to pay large checks only in certified checks on depository banks. This system of payment worked no apparent hardship and was the cause of very little protest. Small checks were paid promptly in currency, and larger amounts where it was demonstrated that currency was required for purposes other than hoarding.

One of the sensational features of the day was the remarkable development in the copper trade. The United Metals Selling company reported a sharp advance in the price. Copper which they would have sold gladly ten days ago at 12½ cents a pound, commanded 13½ to 13¾ cents a pound Monday.

RUSSIAN PRISON HEAD SLAIN.

Gen. Maximoffsky Is Shot Down by a Woman.

St. Petersburg.—Gen. Maximoffsky, director of the department of prisons of the ministry of the interior, was shot and killed Monday by a woman. The general was the highest responsible official connected with the Russian prisons and it is supposed that this was the reason he was selected for assassination by the terrorists.

The general's assassin, who was arrested immediately, unhesitatingly avowed herself to be an emissary of the northern flying section of the social revolutionists, who had been entrusted with the task of punishing Maximoffsky for the stern regime which he lately had introduced in the treatment of important political prisoners, whom he ordered to be treated like ordinary criminals.

GUN FIGHTER IS SLAIN.

John Malone Killed by City Marshal of Benton, Ill.

Benton, Ill.—City Marshal George Adams Monday shot and killed John Malone, former city marshal and well known as a gun fighter, after Malone had threatened the marshal's life. A number of years ago Malone shot and killed a man at Hopkinsville, Ky. Later he is said to have killed a negro in Pope county, Ill. Just before removing from Galatia, Ill., where he served as city marshal, Malone shot a man in the mouth, and a few years ago shot and killed John Hollahan in East St. Louis. He was tried for murder in each instance but was acquitted.

Steamer Finland Disabled.

Dover, England.—The Red Star line steamer Finland, from New York October 19 for Dover and Antwerp, struck the western end of the southern breakwater Monday while entering this port. She sustained extensive damage to her bows which necessitated her remaining here until Tuesday afternoon for repairs. No lives were lost, but a man who was working on the breakwater at the time had his thigh broken. The tremendous force of the impact greatly damaged the stonework of the breakwater. The Finland's bows are badly buckled, the plates having been driven back for about 20 feet.

Famous Pacer Is Dead.

Chester, Pa.—Frank Yokum, a famous pacer, who had equalled eight track records and lowered 38 half-mile records, died Monday at the Moore Brook stock farm.

Students Hazed at Rolla, Mo.

Rolla, Mo.—As a result of class rivalry of several weeks standing 20 sophomores of the State School of Mines were routed out of bed Sunday night, and, half clad, were tied to trees on the campus of the school, where they remained until daylight, shivering in the nipping atmosphere. After they had been released by other sophomores, the entire sophomore class rallied, captured 75 freshmen, bound their arms with ropes and chains and marched them around town accompanied by the school band.

ADVICE TO VICTIMS

TELLS READERS HOW TO CURE RHEUMATISM AT HOME.

Directions to Mix a Simple Preparation and the Dose to Take—Overcomes Kidney and Bladder Trouble Promptly.

There is so much Rheumatism everywhere that the following advice by an eminent authority, who writes for readers of a large Eastern daily paper, will be highly appreciated by those who suffer:

Get from any good pharmacy one-half ounce Fluid Extract Dandelion, one ounce Compound Kargon, three ounces of Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla. Shake these well in a bottle and take in teaspoonful doses after each meal and at bedtime; also drink plenty of good water.

It is claimed that there are few victims of this dread and torturous disease who will fail to find ready relief in this simple home-made mixture, and in most cases a permanent cure is the result.

This simple recipe is said to strengthen and cleanse the eliminative tissues of the kidneys so that they can filter and strain from the blood and system the poisons, acids and waste matter, which cause not only Rheumatism, but numerous other diseases. Every man or woman here who feels that their kidneys are not healthy and active, or who suffers from any urinary trouble whatever, should not hesitate to make up this mixture, as it is certain to do much good, and may save you from much misery and suffering after while.

Everything Bad.
A prominent planter recently had occasion to visit some of his holdings in southern Arkansas. The land was situated several miles from a railroad, and it was necessary to finish the journey in a buggy. So he took a friend with him and started out.

After traversing several miles of sparsely settled country, they came upon a farmer plowing corn on the side of a hill. The planter, wishing to appear civil to his neighbors, stopped his horse and yelled at the man, who came to the fence, mopping his face with a red bandana.

"Good morning."
"Mornin', mister!"
"You live here, I suppose?"
"Yep."

"How's crops?"
"Fair to middlin'."
"That's a bad hill you're plowing."
"I know it. Bad hoss, pullin' th' plow, bad plow, bad everything."

"Why, you talk like you were the poorest man in Arkansas," laughed the planter.

"I ain't, though," was the response, as the young fellow smiled good-naturedly. "Another feller owns half o' this crop."

Not Discharged.

An old Antebellum negro in a small southern town was arrested and brought before the village magistrate for drunkenness. He asked for a lawyer who had helped him out of scrapes before, and the magistrate sent for the attorney.

The young man came into the little office, where the usual crowd of spectators had gathered, and asked the old negro: "Well, William, what are you charged with this time?"

Sadly the ancient dandy replied: "Boss, I's charged wid whisky!"—Harper's Weekly.

Omissions of History.

Henry VIII. had taken another wife. "How many does that make?" he asked his private secretary.

"Six, your majesty," answered that functionary.

"Are you sure?"
"I have kept the count correctly, your majesty."

"Well, I'll stop at that," he said. It was with some reluctance, however, that he kept his promise by dying before he had a chance to marry No. 7.—Chicago Daily News.

TAKE THEM OUT

Or Feed Them Food They Can Study On.

When a student begins to break down from lack of the right kind of food, there are only two things to do; either take him out of school or feed him properly on food that will rebuild the brain and nerve cells. That food is Grape-Nuts.

A boy writes from Jamestown, N. Y., saying: "A short time ago I got into a bad condition from overstudy, but Mother having heard about Grape-Nuts food began to feed me on it. It satisfied my hunger better than any other food, and the results were marvelous. I got fleshy like a good fellow. My usual morning headaches disappeared, and I found I could study for a long period without feeling the effects of it."

"My face was pale and thin, but is now round and has considerable color. After I had been using Grape-Nuts for about two months I felt like a new boy altogether. I have gained greatly in strength as well as flesh, and it is a pleasure to study now that I am not bothered with my head. I passed all of my examinations with a reasonably good percentage, extra good in some of them, and it is Grape-Nuts that has saved me from a year's delay in entering college."

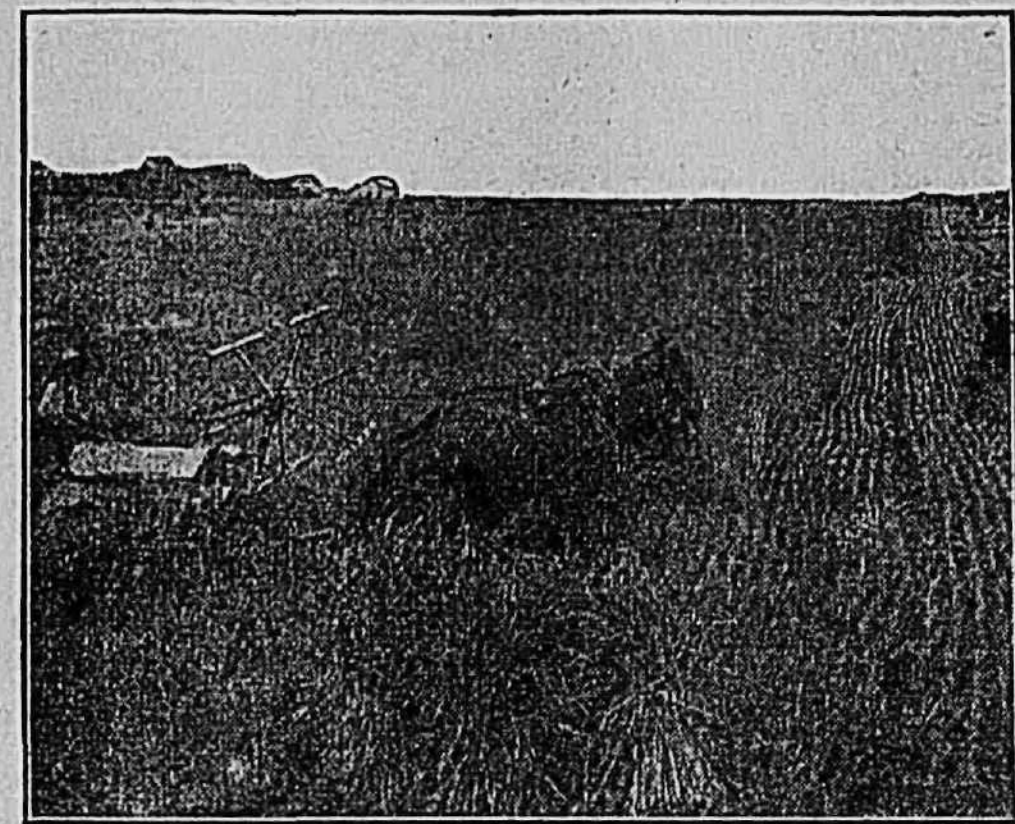
THE CANADIAN CROPS

THREE-QUARTERS OF THE AVERAGE YIELD IS REPORTED.

THE FARMERS DO NOT LOSE

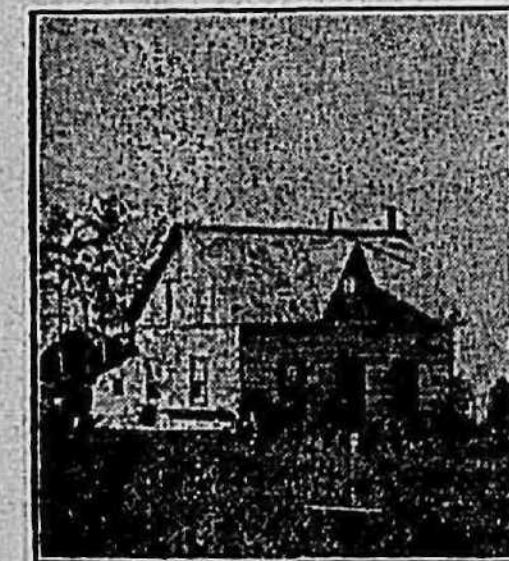
Increased Prices for Grain More Than Compensates Them for the Decrease in Quantity—Reports from Crop Experts.

Most of the states of the union felt the unusually severe winter of 1906-7, and the effects of the succeeding late spring were everywhere apparent. Corn was planted two and sometimes three times, the winter wheat suffered and generally there was a nervous feeling as the retarded growth was in evidence. From the Dakotas to Texas the feeling of dread existed, and the fears were entertained that the crop of corn, wheat, oats and barley would be a distinct failure. How far this was the case is best left to those who passed through the experience. Naturally the same conditions were prevalent throughout the province of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, in western Canada, and with from 250,000 to 300,000 farmers there from the United States a large degree of interest was manifest in almost every state of the union, for every state has some



The proceeds of this field of wheat, grown in western Canada, were sufficient to pay out of the one crop the price of every acre of land upon which it was grown.

representative there. This interest was a nervous one and caused considerable indecision on the part of friends and others intending to follow. Those interested in injuring the country circulated stories of ruin and disaster, but the effect was lost, as it had been long enough in the limelight to prove its high standing amongst the agricultural sections of the continent. The heavy strain placed upon it was not too great; it has shown that the faith placed in it has been warranted, and it is this year producing undoubted evidence that in agricultural possibilities and resources it stands among the first of food producers. A late spring delayed seeding from the usual early April period until late in May, and in many cases well on into June. And with what result? It is a little early to tell the result, but that there will be a three-quarter crop is almost absolutely certain. The yield of wheat in 1906 was 95,000,000 bushels; 1907 it will be between 70,000,000 and 80,000,000.



The above is the reproduction of a photograph of the home of a recent settler from Germany, who has been settled in Saskatchewan, western Canada, for two years.

000. It could not be expected that June-sown grain would mature and ripen in any country. The May sown ripened, and this is the feature that has proved western Canada's superiority as a grain-growing country. It demonstrates that the length of sunshine is so great that the growing and ripening season, although shorter in number of days than in parts farther south, in hours is as great or greater. A correspondent of the Toronto Globe, a most careful purveyor of news, writing from Winnipeg, Manitoba, says: "Excellent progress in the process of converting the crop into marketable commodity has been made. The days have been fairly warm considering the season of the year and while the amount of sunshine per day is less than in an ordinary harvest the grain has matured well. The reports from far and near show that the aggregate yield for the whole grain-growing country is likely to be large, and there are those who assert that the quantity will be equal to about 75 per cent. of that secured last season. The quality will be the important consideration especially in view of the steadily rising markets. Cash wheat in Winnipeg

closed yesterday at \$1.11½ per bushel, Fort William delivery. The cost of freight and handling for wheat strikes an average of 11c per bushel for the whole west. This means that the average price to the farmer for contract wheat all over the prairie country is exactly \$1 per bushel. The farmers have been looking for the day when dollar wheat would rule and they have it now. Some old wheat is still coming forward from the elevators and a little of last year's crop remains in the hands of the farmers. This nearly all grades up to the contract, and it means a great gain for those who held it. The new wheat is still gradually coming in when one considers the conditions under which it was produced. Out of 450 cars, 323 in two days contained wheat which would answer for delivery on contracts. In other words over 200,000 bushels of wheat which would bring the farmers an average of about \$1 per bushel, reached Winnipeg in two days. The significance of \$300,000 worth of wheat being passed by the inspectors in two days at the close of an admittedly unfavorable season should not be allowed to sink out of sight at a time when returns from agricultural activity in the west are being anxiously awaited. These figures do not take account of the lower grades, of which there were 131 cars. More than one-third of these contained milling wheat, which would remunerate the farmer at the rate of 32c per bushel on the basis of to-day's closing figures. The balance consisted of low grade stuff which would vary greatly in quality and would show great "spreads" in prices.

The approximate value of the two days' receipts of wheat, however, would be more than \$400,000 calculating the capacity of a car at 1,000 bushels and eliminating the cost of freight and handling. As many of the modern cars contain more than 1,000 bushels and as the freight rate to Fort William is less than 15c per cwt. on most of the wheat which is now coming forward, the estimate of \$400,000 is low. The circulation of \$200,000 per day among the farmers will not continue for the whole year, of course, but that figure is likely to be exceeded

before the present rush of wheat to the market abates. The conversion of the crop into money may be said to be proceeding in a most satisfactory way and there is no doubt that millions of dollars will have gone into the pockets of the farmers by the time navigation on the lakes closes. Even then only a small proportion of the wheat will have come out. Experience has shown that the railroads do not carry very much of the wheat to the Lake Superior ports before the freeze-up comes, and the proportion will probably be smaller than usual this year on account of the lateness of the harvesting season.

"On the whole the prospect is a most cheerful one, the likelihood being that the satisfactory returns for the past few days will be greatly exceeded in the coming six or seven weeks. The fact that wheat of any kind is bound to bring a remunerative price this season is the comforting feature of the situation and there is no occasion for concern over the possibility of a general glut of the grain being below that of previous years. The high standard of the wheat raised in the west in 1906-1907 was undoubtedly a great advantage, and only depressing factors would have been well if that excellent record could have been continued, but it is not reasonable to expect that 90 per cent. of the wheat will be of contract grade every year as it was in the years mentioned. If 75 per cent. or even 50 per cent. of this season's yield be up to the contract standard there will be from for congratulation. The west will reap a large return of its investment of money, time and labor this year as it did in any preceding season, and by so doing it will have done its whole duty to those who have placed faith in its fertility and resources. The breathing spell if it comes will enable the transportation companies and other elements in the trade of the country to catch up with some of their obligations and the improvement effected by that means will more than offset any inconvenience which will result from a relatively smaller production. The general commercial outlook is bright enough and only depressing factors are due to the position of a few communities widely separated in which there is a small return from the crop.

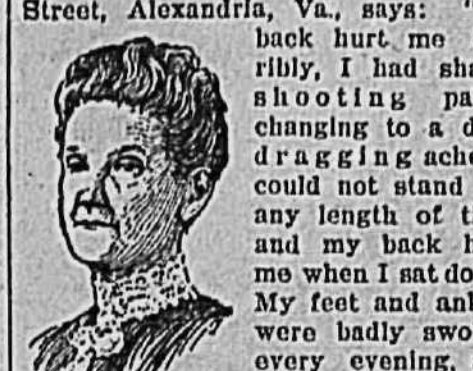
"It is true the season has not been so favorable as other seasons but the condition is widespread. The corn crop in the states of the union, where it is the premier crop of the farmers is subject to frost. Frost has undoubtedly materially reduced the total yield in places this year, but after every allowance has been made for this and other causes the fact remains that the total grain in Alberta will be the largest in history, while in the other provinces the yield will not fall far short of other years.

"The following extract from the Edmonton Bulletin fairly describes the situation in Northern Alberta and Saskatchewan: "Cutting is practically completed, stacking is in progress in some places, threshing will commence at once. A few late fields which were sown for green feed are being cut this week. The grain is all in stock and everywhere the glow of autumn mingling with the glow of harvest. A great number of the oat fields show the typical yellow of well ripened grain. The majority, however, are too pale a yellow to indicate full development and perfect ripeness. Some late cuts will be fed in the straw which is held by good cattle feeders to be the best way to feed oats. In no year in the history of the spring wheat industry has there been a better growth and production of plant and it is more propitious condition during September than previous records of wheat production in this country would have been eclipsed. On the farm known as the Macleod farm 4½ miles northeast of the city on the Port Saskatchewan trail, samples of Red Pyle were taken that were uniformly plump and heavy and of excellent color. This field should run 25 bushels to the acre.

"The people who are climbing into the ecclesiastical band wagon are not the ones who are making the heavenly music in this world.

BACK GAVE OUT.

A Typical Case of Kidney Trouble and a Typical Cure.



Mrs. Chloe Page of 510 S. Pitt Street, Alexandria, Va., says: "My back hurt me terribly, I had sharp, shooting pains, changing to a dull, dragging ache. I could not stand for any length of time and my back hurt me when I sat down. My feet and ankles were badly swollen every evening, and my stomach was out of order. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me of these troubles in 1902, and for five years I have had no return."

All dealers, 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

THE NUMBER OF ANIMALS.

Recent Attempts to Tabulate the Beasts That Perish.

Every now and then some naturalist endeavors to make an approximate numerical count of known animal species. This kind of attempt is surely not without interest, but it must be acknowledged that its results are very uncertain. We are far from knowing all species, and there is yet a delightful prospect ahead for those who love systematic zoology and for zoologists who bestow mutual honors by giving each other's names to some animal hitherto unknown.

As Nurmman remarked to a recent meeting of naturalists at the museum, to which he presented his "Catalogue Mammalium," the species of rodents known in 1880 were only 970 in number; now they are 1900. The number has thus, at least, doubled in 27 years. The number of living species of this creature now known is about 1,500, divided among 160 genera. This family is the most numerous of the class of mammalia.—Wissen fur Alle.

BABY IN TERRIBLE STATE.

Awful Humor Eating Away Face—Body a Mass of Sores—Cuticura Cures in Two Weeks.

"My little daughter broke out all over her body with a humor, and we used everything recommended, but without results. I called in three doctors, but she continued to grow worse. Her body was a mass of sores, and her little face was being eaten away. Her ears looked as if they would drop off. Neighbors advised me to get Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and before I had used half of the cake of Soap and box of Ointment the sores had all healed, and my little one's face and body were as clear as a new-born babe's. I would not be without it again if it cost five dollars, instead of seventy-five cents. Mrs. George J. Steese, 701 Coburn St., Akron, O., Aug. 30, 1905."

Her Recipe.

A lady famed for her skill in cooking was entertaining a number of her friends at tea. Everything on the table was much admired, but the excellence of the sponge cake was especially the subject of remark. "Oh!" exclaimed one of the guests, "it is so beautifully soft and light! Do tell me where you got the recipe?" "I am very glad," replied the hostess, "that you find it so soft and light. I made it out of my own head."—Illustrated Bits.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Hiltebeitel*. In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kid You Have Always Bought.

A Simple Method.

"How do you make the distinction between popular and classical music?" asked the very young man. "Oh, that's easy," answered the dispenser of home-grown philosophy. "It's popular if I enjoy it and it's classical if I don't."

By following the directions, which are plainly printed on each package of DeWitt's Kidney Pills, Men's Collars and Ouffs can be made just as stiff as desired, with either glass or domestic finish. Try it, 10 oz. for 10c, sold by all good grocers.

Precise Degree of Intimacy.

Nan—Young Mr. Ketchley is away on his vacation, isn't he? Are you and he on corresponding terms? Fan—Not quite—but we're on picture postcard terms.

\$100 a Month.

Can be made by any bright man or woman who will act as my representative in this township. Here's an unusual opportunity. Write to-day, H. W. Cole, 1149-15th St., Washington, D. C.

Queer Books.

The British Museum contains books written on oyster shells, bricks, tiles, bones, ivory, lead, iron, sheepskin and palm leaves.

FITS, St. Vitus Dance and all Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for Free \$2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ed., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

The people who are climbing into the ecclesiastical band wagon are not the ones who are making the heavenly music in this world.

Smokers have to call for Lewis' Single Binder cigar to get it. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

A shut mouth keeps one out of strife.—Portuguese.

A LAND OF OPPORTUNITY

For the Homeseeker, the Health-seeker or the Investor.

To those who are seeking a new country, where there are broad virgin fields for profitable endeavor; where one may "get in on the ground floor" in limitless industries, and yet remain in direct touch with the great world, not isolated from the marts of trade nor the pleasures of congenial association; to those who are seeking homes in the temperate climate, free from extremes of heat and cold; a land of health and opportunity, the territory along the line of the Mobile, Jackson and Kansas City railroad is most inviting. To one who traverses this line of railroad the wonder grows that such lands, near old established centers, should have remained so long undeveloped. A true story of the opportunities for townbuilding, colonization, founding of manufacturing enterprises, opening mercantile establishments, and securing land for farming purposes is told in a booklet entitled "Along the Line of the Mobile, Jackson and Kansas City Railroad," which is sent free by L. L. Lawrence, manager immigration and industrial department, Laurel, Miss.

The Dinner Muldoon Serves.

A certain Gotham dining establishment features what it claims to be a replica of the spread regularly served at the White Plains "sym" made famous by the recent medicine ball test taken by Secretary of State Elihu Root. Boasting the caption "Muldoon's Vegetable Dinner," the course in detail consists of fried sweet potato, egg plant, succotash, stewed tomatoes, cauliflower, bread and butter. It is said that when the sponsor of this meal bearing his name was a member of the "Finest," and was jokingly known as "Muldoon, the Solid Man," he adhered to the regimen above described.

Sheer white goods, in fact, any new wash goods when new, owe much of their attractiveness to the way they are laundered, this being done in a manner to enhance their textile beauty. Home laundering would be equally satisfactory if proper attention was given to starching, the first essential being good starch, which has sufficient strength to stiffen, without thickening the goods. Try DeWitt's Starch and you will be pleasantly surprised at the improved appearance of your work.

Mail by Skyrockets.

The most remarkable method of delivering letters doubtless is that employed by the steamers passing islands of the Tonga group in the Pacific. On account of many reefs landing is extremely dangerous and the few letters to be delivered are attached to large skyrockets, which are fired and reach the shore in safety.

Catarh Cannot Be Cured

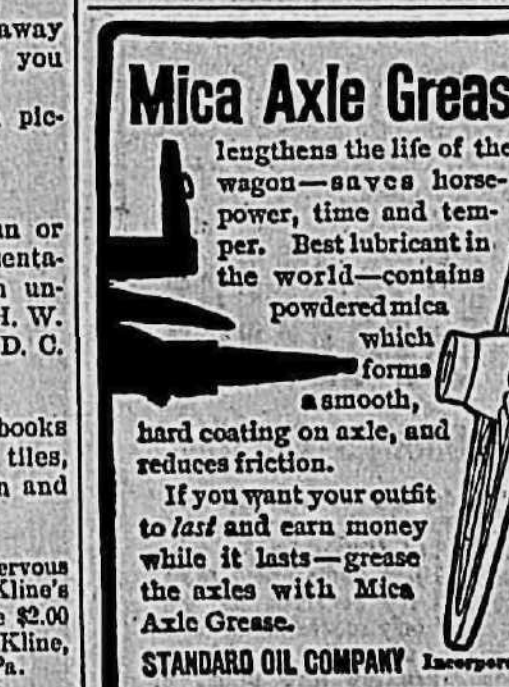
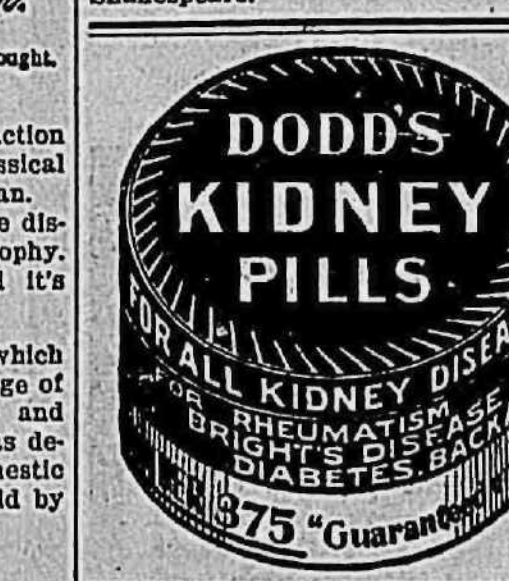
with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarh Cure is not a quick medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonic known, combined with the best blood purifier, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarh. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Wisdom of Experience.

The Bachelor—I wonder why a woman always lowers her voice when she has occasion to ask a favor? The Benedicte—Oh, it gives her an opportunity to raise it higher in case the favor isn't granted.

Lewis' Single Binder Cigar has a rich taste. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

What ripens fast does not last—Shakespeare.



lengthens the life of the wagon—saves horsepower, time and temper. Best lubricant in the world—contains powdered mica which forms a smooth, hard coating on axle, and reduces friction. If you want your outfit to last and earn money while it lasts—grease the axles with Mica Axle Grease. STANDARD OIL COMPANY Incorporated

PATENTS

A. N. K.—A (1907—44) 2202.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without rinsing apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. THOMPSON'S EYE WATER.

The extraordinary popularity of fine white goods this summer makes the choice of Starch a matter of great importance. DeWitt's Starch, being free from all injurious chemicals, is the only one which is safe to use on fine fabrics. Its great strength as a stiffener makes half the usual quantity of Starch necessary, with the result of perfect finish, equal to that when the goods were new.

How It Happened.

Gyer—I was in a railway wreck seven years ago, and I never got over it. Myer—You must have been badly hurt. Gyer—I wasn't hurt at all. I didn't get over it because I crawled from under. See?—Chicago Daily News.

GIRLHOOD TO WOMANHOOD

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound



ELLEN M. OLSON CLARA E. DARMSTADTER

The responsibility for a daughter's future largely rests with the mother. The right influence and the information which is of vital interest to the daughter imparted at the proper time has not only saved the life but insured the success of many a beautiful girl.

When a girl's thoughts become sluggish, with headache, dizziness or a disposition to sleep, pains in back or lower limbs, eyes dim, desire for solitude; when she is a mystery to herself and friends, her mother should come to her aid, and remember that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, will at this time prepare the system for the coming change, and start this trying period in a young girl's life without pain or irregularities. It has been thus depended upon for two generations. Hundreds of letters from young girls and their mothers, expressing gratitude for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for them, are constantly being received.

Miss Ellen M. Olson, of 417 N. East St., Kewanee, Ill., writes:—

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— "I have had the best doctors in our town for my sickness and they all thought that an operation was necessary. I had headache,

No other remedy has such a record of actual cures of female ills. Thousands of women residing in every part of the United States bear willing testimony to the wonderful virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and what it has done for them. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; a Woman's Remedy for Women's ills.

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3.00 & \$3.50 SHOES BEST IN THE WORLD

100% SHOES FOR EVERY MAN, WOMAN & CHILD

\$25.000 (To any one who can prove W. L. Douglas does not make a pair of shoes for less than \$2.00)

THE REASON W. L. Douglas shoes are worn by more people in this country than any other make, is because of their excellent style, easy-fitting, and superior wearing qualities. The selection of the leathers and other materials for each part of the shoe is made with the most complete organization of superintendents, foremen and skilled shoemakers, who receive the highest wages paid in the shoe industry, and whose workmanship cannot be excelled. It could take you into my large factory at Boston, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer and are of greater value than any other make. My \$4.00 and \$5.00 Gilt Edge Shoes cannot be equalled at any price. Ask for them. The genuine W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom. Take No Substitute. Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. He cannot supply you direct to factory. Shoes sent everywhere by mail. Catalog free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

One Good INVESTMENT

is worth a lifetime of labor. Judgment and courage are fortune. The Joyous Manufacturing Company have control of, and will shortly manufacture

Land and Water Vehicles

that will travel as easily on water as on land. We have revolutionary inventions in a new Power and Electric Engine, the wonder of the twentieth century. Also four other patents. \$100 a year for all time can be secured for an investment of \$300. We will guarantee to buy the \$300 worth of stock back from you one year from date of purchase if you so desire, and give you one hundred dollars profit. Remember, the Bell Telephone made its stockholders incredibly rich. Look into this. Order 100 shares or more now. We will refund your money any time within sixty days if not thoroughly satisfied. If you wish to gamble, well and good; but if your judgment commends this project, then you can link your fortunes with men of judgment who are carrying this enterprise forward to success, and by the same token, \$100 will carry you to fortune.

Shares at this price will soon be all gone, then your chance is gone forever. For further particulars, address,

JOHN JOYCE, Manager Joyce Mfg. Co., Macdonald, Saskatchewan, Canada.

CALIFORNIA! CALIFORNIA!

Now is the time to buy in one of the healthiest, most productive sections in Southern California, 5 and 10 acre tracts. Of the best of California, vineyards, improved and unimproved lands and stock ranches. We deal only in large lots. Correspondence solicited. W. R. Blake, Escondido, San Diego Co., Cal.

FOR SALE

Improved and unimproved farms, in all parts of the State. Send for list of same and city lots. Some good investments and money-makers. R. H. Pearce, Real Estate, Moose Jaw, Sask., Can.

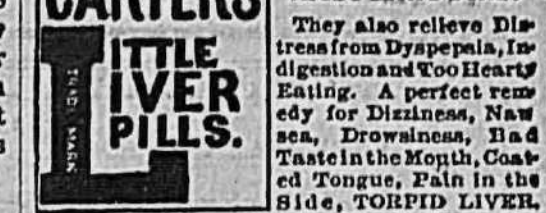
NEW HAMPSHIRE GEM

225 acres intervals of hay, half mile from Village and Station, American neighborhood, great sheep and cattle farm, 5 and 10 acre tracts. L. V. R. N. A. P. M. D., Danbury, N. H.

Are afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.



They regulate the Bowels. SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature

Refuse Substitutes.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Heart Eating. A perfect remedy for Biliousness, Nervousness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Constipation, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER.

They regulate the Bowels. SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

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GIRLHOOD TO WOMANHOOD

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound



ELLEN M. OLSON CLARA E. DARMSTADTER

The responsibility for a daughter's future largely rests with the mother. The right influence and the information which is of vital interest to the daughter imparted at the proper time has not only saved the life but insured the success of many a beautiful girl.

When a girl's thoughts become sluggish, with headache, dizziness or a disposition to sleep, pains in back or lower limbs, eyes dim, desire for solitude; when she is a mystery to herself and friends, her mother should come to her aid, and remember that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, will at this time prepare the system for the coming change, and start this trying period in a young girl's life without pain or irregularities. It has been thus depended upon for two generations. Hundreds of letters from young girls and their mothers, expressing gratitude for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for them, are constantly being received.

Miss Ellen M. Olson, of 417 N. East St., Kewanee, Ill., writes:—

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— "I have had the best doctors in our town for my sickness and they all thought that an operation was necessary. I had headache,

No other remedy has such a record of actual cures of female ills. Thousands of women residing in every part of the United States bear willing testimony to the wonderful virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and what it has done for them. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; a Woman's Remedy for Women's ills.

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3.00 & \$3.50 SHOES BEST IN THE WORLD

100% SHOES FOR EVERY MAN, WOMAN & CHILD

\$25.000 (To any one who can prove W. L. Douglas does not make a pair of shoes for less than \$2.00)

THE REASON W. L. Douglas shoes are worn by more people in this country than any other make, is because of their excellent style, easy-fitting, and superior wearing qualities. The selection of the leathers and other materials for each part of the shoe is made with the most complete organization of superintendents, foremen and skilled shoemakers, who receive the highest wages paid in the shoe industry, and whose workmanship cannot be excelled. It could take you into my large factory at Boston, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer and are of greater value than any other make. My \$4.00 and \$5.00 Gilt Edge Shoes cannot be equalled at any price. Ask for them. The genuine W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom. Take No Substitute. Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. He cannot supply you direct to factory. Shoes sent everywhere by mail. Catalog free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

One Good INVESTMENT

is worth a lifetime of labor. Judgment and courage are fortune. The Joyous Manufacturing Company have control of, and will shortly manufacture

Land and Water Vehicles

that will travel as easily on water as on land. We have revolutionary inventions in a new Power and Electric Engine, the wonder of the twentieth century. Also four other patents. \$100 a year for all time can be secured for an investment of \$300. We will guarantee to buy the \$300 worth of stock back from you one year from date of purchase if you so desire, and give you one hundred dollars profit. Remember, the Bell Telephone made its stockholders incredibly rich. Look into this. Order 100 shares or more now. We will refund your money any time within sixty days if not thoroughly satisfied. If you wish to gamble, well and good; but if your judgment commends this project, then you can link your fortunes with men of judgment who are carrying this enterprise forward to success, and by the same token, \$100 will carry you to fortune.

Shares at this price will soon be all gone, then your chance is gone forever. For further particulars, address,

JOHN JOYCE, Manager Joyce Mfg. Co., Macdonald, Saskatchewan, Canada.

CALIFORNIA! CALIFORNIA!

Now is the time to buy in one of the healthiest, most productive sections in Southern California, 5 and 10 acre tracts. Of the best of California, vineyards, improved and unimproved lands and stock ranches. We deal only in large lots. Correspondence solicited. W. R. Blake, Escondido, San Diego Co., Cal.

FOR SALE

Improved and unimproved farms, in all parts of the State. Send for list of same and city lots. Some good investments and money-makers. R. H. Pearce, Real Estate, Moose Jaw, Sask., Can.

NEW HAMPSHIRE GEM

225 acres intervals of hay, half mile from Village and Station, American neighborhood, great sheep and cattle farm, 5 and 10 acre tracts. L. V. R. N. A. P. M. D., Danbury, N. H.

Are afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without rinsing apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. THOMPSON'S EYE WATER.

SICK HEADACHE

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They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Heart Eating. A perfect remedy for Biliousness, Nervousness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Constipation, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER.

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Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature</

Rural News Notes

Submitted by Our Very Able
Staff of Correspondents

LAKE VILLA

Mat Sugar spent several days in Chicago last week.

Wm. Lewin was visiting his parents here this week.

Rev. Nelson was a Chicago passenger one day this week.

Mr. Robert Westlake was visiting in Lake Villa this week.

The Panowski house has been sold to Mrs. E. A. Wilton.

The new butchers have arrived and took possession Monday of this week.

Mr. Fred Johnson and family have moved into the house recently occupied by Joe Panowski.

Miss Mamie Potter, who has recently been visiting Mr. and Mrs. H. Potter, has returned to her home at Fond du Lac.

The Ladies Aid society will meet with Mrs. James Kerr on Wednesday afternoon, Nov. 6. Come early and bring your thimble. Visitors always welcome. Mrs. H. Potter, Secretary.

Mr. and Mrs. John McMahon had their baby christened Sunday. Mr. Alex. T. Bagley acting as god-father and Mrs. John Nadr as god-mother. The baby's name is Alexandria Francis McMahon.

On Saturday evening of last week the many friends of John Leonard assembled at his home during his absence and was tendered with a surprise upon his arrival home. A good time was reported by all present.

Johnnie McMahon met with an accident last week while roller skating on the new cement sidewalk. He was trying to stop, but could not make it work, so he put his face down on the walk thinking that he could stop in that way.

To check a cold quickly, get from your druggist some little candy cold tablets called Preventics. Druggists everywhere are now dispensing Preventics, for they are not only safe, but decidedly certain and prompt. Preventics contain no quinine, no laxative, nothing harsh nor sickening. Taken at the "sneeze stage" Preventics will prevent pneumonia, bronchitis, influenza, etc. Hence the name, Preventics. Good for feverish children. 48 Preventics. 25c. Trial boxes 5c. Sold by J. H. Swan.

The Disadvantages of Travel.
"Mamma, Mrs. Oldcastle just went wild over our new bust of Shakespeare when she was here this afternoon."
"Burst, my dear, burst, Mercy sakes, how can you use such slang? And you've been to Europe twice, too!"

Pain anywhere, pain in the head, painful periods, neuralgia, toothache, all pains can be promptly stopped by a thoroughly safe little pink candy tablet known by druggists everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Headache Tablets. Pain simply means congestion—undue blood pressure at the point where pain exists. Dr. Shoop's Headache Tablets quickly equalize this unnatural blood pressure, and pain immediately departs. Write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., and get a free trial package. Large box 25c. Sold by J. H. Swan.

The Contraries of Speech.
"Cannot I help you at this trying time?" asked the cook's admirer. "No," replied the cook, "for this is my hour of knead." And she forthwith proceeded to work the dough.

Have to Be.
"That Cholly Dashaway wears such loud rings." "Naturally, they're loud. They all have brass bands."—Baltimore American.

Obstinate cases of constipation and nasty, mean headaches promptly disappear when you take DeWitt's Little Early Riser Pills. Sold by J. H. Swan.

GRAYSLAKE

Wedding bells are soon to ring.

Mrs. Seth Turner is entertaining her brother from Wisconsin.

Mr. John Mead has been confined to his bed by illness the past week.

Miss Nora Bixler left the last of the week for a visit with relatives at Guthrie, Wis.

Mr. Fay Hamilton of Chicago, was the guest of Mr. Ed Kapple and family over Sunday.

Mrs. Spaulding of Milton, Wis., is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Dr. Palmer, and family.

Fred Wright has moved his family from the Gilmore farm to the Pick farm at Gages Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Strang spent Saturday with Mr. and Mrs. Ed Bartlett at Wadsworth.

Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Higley of Chicago, spent Sunday with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Higley.

Mr. Orson Washburn and family left for southern California on Monday where they will make their home.

Mrs. E. B. Sherman returned home on Saturday from a few days' visit with friends at Woodstock.

Mrs. Jos. Turner returned home the first of the week from a few days' visit with relatives in Chicago.

Miss Delia Wilbur returned home from Waukegan the last of the week where she has been spending a few days.

Mrs. E. J. Higley returned home Friday from Chicago where she spent most of the week with her son Howard and wife.

Miss Emma Hubbard, teacher in the primary room here, was confined to her home by illness the past week. Miss Belle Allen taught in her place.

Mrs. Ed Adams received word Friday of the sudden death of her father, Mr. John Moran. Mr. Moran was a painter by trade and was doing some work for Mr. George Lewin at Russell. In the night he was taken ill and called to the family to bring him some water. They did so and he laid back and immediately breathed his last, heart failure being the cause.

The Italian who was employed on the section at Ingleside and who went violently insane, was brought here last week Monday and placed in a cell at the village jail. On Thursday Marshal Fritch was taking him out for a walk when he suddenly jumped upon Fritch and fought desperately, severely biting him in the arm. The marshal, however, with the assistance of a couple of men, succeeded in overpowering him and he was again lodged in jail. Sunday Fritch handcuffed him and took him to Waukegan where he will be given a hearing. His uncle and other relatives who are employed at Ingleside were here Saturday.

A Criminal Attack
on an inoffensive citizen is frequently made in that apparently useless little tube called the "appendix." It's generally the result of protracted constipation, following liver torpor. Dr. King's New Life Pills regulate the liver, prevent appendicitis and establish regular habits of the bowels. 25c at J. H. Swan's drug store.

Literary Note.
"What's the matter?" asked the proprietor of the book store, seeing all the clerks hurrying toward the front. "There's a lady there who wants to buy a volume of poems," the book-keeper called back as he hurried forward to have a look at her.

DeWitt's Carbolic Witch Hazel Salve is good for little burns and big burns, small scratches or bruises and big ones. It is healing and soothing. Good for piles. Sold by J. H. Swan.

BRISTOL

Chas. Gunter spent Friday in Chicago.

Raymond Bishop spent Saturday at home.

Mrs. Kilburn is on the sick list this week.

Geo. Rowe of Richmond spent Saturday at F. R. Lavey's.

Miss Anna Schattler of Genoa Junction visited at home Friday.

Mrs. E. Shottliff is enjoying a visit from her sister, Miss Evans.

Edith Murdock who teaches in Kenosha spent Saturday at home.

Mr. and Mrs. Schattler spent Friday with F. Barlow at Harvard.

Mr. R. E. Sutherland of Kenosha called on Mr. Shumway last Saturday.

John McKenna went to Genoa Junction last Friday to call on old friends.

Mrs. E. Shottliff and sister Miss Evans spent Sunday with their sister at Pleasant Prairie.

Mrs. Frank Gilbert entertained her mother and Mrs. Pierce of Hebron on Friday.

Mrs. John Evans and children of Salem spent Friday with her mother and took in the Ladies Aid fair.

John McKenna departed Sunday morning for Chicago where he expects to fit himself for a veterinary surgeon.

J. E. Dixon has the contract to erect a new house for S. Upson to replace the one recently destroyed by fire.

H. H. Hockney and Wm. Foulke have secured positions with the Bowman Dairy company in the bottling works here.

Carpenters are at work this week remodeling the creamery getting it in readiness for the bottling works the first of the month.

C. Steinke will sell at public auction Oct. 4, all his personal property and expects to return to Chicago in the near future.

Wm. Gunter has disposed of his meat market at Genoa Junction to Chas. Reynolds who takes possession November 1. Wm. will act as traveling salesman for Armour and Co.

Rich Jones has purchased of C. E. Williams, 200 acres of land at \$72 per acre. This includes the building now occupied by Thos. Davis. Mr. Davis will move to the Riley Stonebraker farm which he purchased some time ago.

A weak stomach, causing dyspepsia, a weak heart with palpitation or intermittent pulse, always means weak stomach nerves or weak heart nerves. Strengthen these inside or controlling nerves with Dr. Shoop's Restorative and see how quickly these ailments disappear. Dr. Shoop of Racine, Wis., will mail samples free. Write for them. A test will tell. Your health is certainly worth his simple trial. Sold by J. H. Swan.

They All Say That.
"I met Hagerliss yesterday; typical baldheaded man, isn't he?" "Typical? How do you mean?" "Why, I hadn't known him ten minutes before he was telling me how his mother used to whip him because his hair was so thick he couldn't keep it combed."

These Bad Pains

which give you such exquisite suffering, every month, are caused, as you know, by female trouble. Relief seldom or never comes of itself. It is necessary to cure the cause, in order to stop the pains, and this can only be done if you will take a specific, female remedy, that acts directly on the womanly organs.

WINE OF CARDUI WOMAN'S RELIEF

"Cardui did wonders for me," writes Mrs. H. C. Larson, of Oids, Ia. "I had female trouble for 8 years. I had displacement, which increased my suffering; the doctor could only relieve me at times. Now, I am so much better, I hardly know when my time begins or when it ends."

At All Druggists

WRITE FOR FREE ADVICE, stating age and describing symptoms, to Ladies Advisory Dept., The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

RUSSELL

May Carney spent Sunday at home. F. S. Head spent Sunday at his home in Kenosha.

Mr. and Mrs. Dixon will move to Gurnee in the near future.

Mr. Hugh Carney and family will move to Libertyville this week.

Rally Rasmussen and William Cabells will occupy the Carney home.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Crawford were Waukegan visitors on Saturday.

Morton Murray is at home again. He will trap during the winter months.

G. W. Winters has purchased the farm owned by Mr. Nesbeth at Rosecrans.

B. C. Melville and James A. Reeves are on a trip in northern Wisconsin buying cattle.

William Cabells and wife landed in America on Tuesday. They have the best wishes of their many friends.

I. O. Colby and family entertained Mrs. Derond and son of Libertyville, also Mr. and Mrs. Warner Colby.

Mr. Clifford Chase returned on Sunday from southern Illinois where he has been spending some few days.

Mr. and Mrs. George Voss have rented Mr. Allen Dixon's place just west of Russell. They will move here from North Dakota where they went last year.

Mrs. Willinsen was taken to a hospital in Chicago during the week and expects to undergo an operation, after which her many friends wish her a speedy recovery.

French Duel Test of Courage.
The only circumstance which we take the trouble to notice in modern French duels is that they seldom do much harm; the fact which is uppermost in the French mind is the obviously implied one that, whether a duelist come to any manner of grief or not, a man cannot take part in a duel without deliberate risk of his life. His act, though probably only conventional, may turn out to be fatal. And even though, in general, it happily prove a mere formality, it involves, on the part of all concerned, a brave acknowledgment that anyone who pretends to belong to civilized society must hold himself responsible for any deviation from the code of conduct which its traditions prescribe and which its existence involves.—Scribner.

MILLBURN

Mrs. David White has been very ill the past week.

James Thom and family are soon to leave us for Washington.

Miss Carrie Bater returned from Evanston last Wednesday.

Mrs. John Bonner returned Saturday from her visit in Peoria.

Mrs. Frank Clark of Michigan is here visiting with her son, Eugene Clark.

Miss Alice Jamieson of Chicago visited over Sunday with Mrs. George Jamieson.

Miss Zera Sherman of Warrenton attended the Sunday school convention here.

The Sunday school convention was well attended by people from different parts of the county.

Lester Mitchell of Waukegan spent a week here with his grandmother, Mrs. Spafford.

Mrs. Wright and little son of Evanston visited with Miss Carrie Bater the latter part of the week.

The people of the church wish to thank Mr. N. D. Pratt and Mrs. Charles of Evanston, and Mrs. Mary Bater and Mrs. A. W. Safford of Millburn, for the beautiful communion table recently presented by them to the church.

Out of Sight.

"Out of sight, out of mind," is an old saying which applies with special force to a sore, burn or wound that's been treated with Bucklen's Arnica Salve. It's out of sight, out of mind and out of existence. Piles too and chilblains disappear under its healing influence. Guaranteed by J. H. Swan, druggist. 25c.

Necessary Caricature.

The best portraits are those in which there is a slight mixture of caricature.—Macaulay.

HICKORY

Miss Florence Kennedy is visiting at Evanston.

Miss Cora Edwards visited last week at Evanston.

Mrs. A. Savage spent last Thursday in Waukegan.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kennedy spent last Thursday in Chicago.

Mrs. O. L. Hollenbeck visited in Waukegan part of the week.

Mr. Almond Webb of Waukegan spent Friday and Saturday visiting his daughters here.

The Ladies Aid will be held with Mrs. C. Taylor on Wednesday, Nov. 6. All are invited.

Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Slocum entertained a few of their friends last Thursday evening before departing for their new home at Woodstock this week. An oyster stew was the order of the evening and all enjoyed a pleasant evening.

If you take DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills you will get prompt relief from backache, weak kidneys, inflammation of the bladder and urinary troubles. A week's treatment 25c. Sold by J. H. Swan.

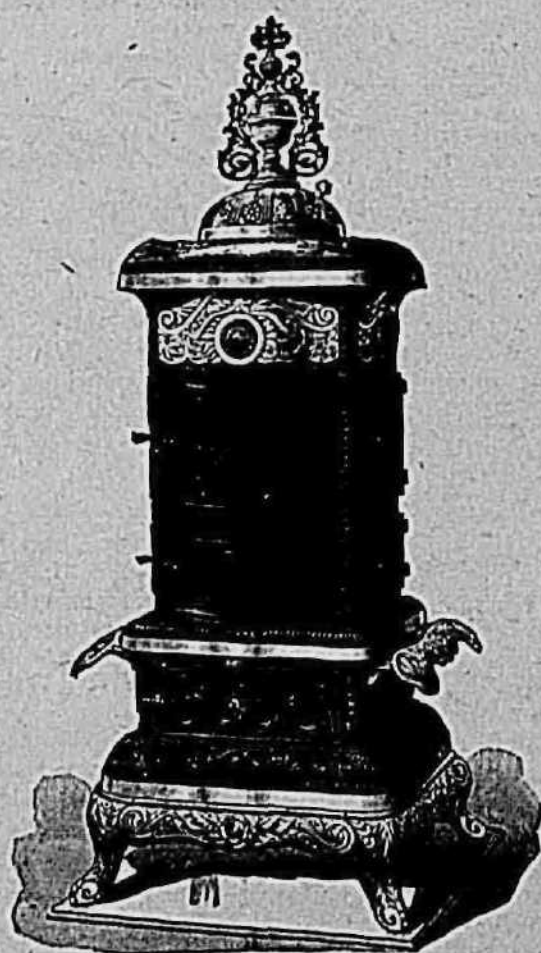
Wisdom Tabloid.

The retort to censure is often like the sparks that fly from red-hot iron when the blacksmith smites it. The sparks fly harmless and are gone, but the shaping mark remains in the iron.—Life.

His Position.

"You say the trouble arose over an argument you had with your wife?" "Yes, sir," meekly replied the prisoner. "What position did you take in the matter?" "One just inside the woodshed, sir."

Do You Expect to Buy a Stove?



Several styles and sizes to select from, all new and up-to-date. Prices always right.

Don't forget that I handle all kinds of coal. Get your order in now.

I have a carload of the famous MARQUETT PORTLAND CEMENT Call and get my prices

W. H. TIFFANY
UNION BLOCK — ANTIOCH, ILL.

DURING THE COOL WEATHER



UY your Blankets and Robes also Stable Blankets of B. F. Van Patten & Son at the Up-to-date Harness Store. We can save you money on Blankets and Robes if you buy when the season begins. We have the nicest, cleanest and most up-to-date goods that can be found in the country. We also have a nice assortment of Single and Team Harness made strictly by hand. Call and examine them. Prices are lowest and best stock selected for Harness. Don't forget our new line of Suit Cases and Traveling Bags. Special price on Square Blankets

B. F. VAN PATTEN & SON
REPAIRING A SPECIALTY ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS